ESTABLISHED 1818.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 40,039—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1893.

PETER F. HEERING'S

COPENHAGEN

CHERRY BRANDY.

Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants, by whom the New Show Cards can be obtained on application.

CUTLER, PAL[illegible]

PORT.

OLD TAWNY, delicate and soft
Old Crusted, an excellent Wine
† INVALIDS, Choice Old
White Port
Dessert, black capsule
FULL BODY, Red do
† Spanish Port

† Cases of 2 doz. Pints, Rs. 2 extra.

Discount 5 per cent. for Cash.

RETAIL AGENTS:—BEYNON & Co., Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1893. Saturday.
P.&O. CARTHAGE	5013	1000	M. de Horne	16th Dec.
† SUTLEJ	4295	800	W. Worcester	23rd "
P.&O. PENINSULAR	3845	1200	A. C. Loggin	30th "
				1894.
† CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	6th Jan.
P.&O. BALLARAT	4763	960	T. S. Angus	13th "
† SUTLEJ	4295	800	W. Worcester	20th "
P.&O. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	27th "
† CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	3rd Feb.
P.&O. ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. H. Moule	10th "
† SUTLEJ	4295	800	W. Worcester	17th "
P.&O. ROME	5515	1200	A. R. Daniell	24th "
† GANGES	4276	800	G. W. Atkinson	3rd March.
P.&O. CARTHAGE	5013	1000	M. de Horne	10th "
† SUTLEJ	4295	800	W. Worcester	17th "
P.&O. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	24th "
† GANGES	4276	800	G. Atkinson	31st "
P.&O. OCEANA	6362	1503	E. Stewart	7th April.
† SIAM	3050	500	H. Weigheil	14th "
P.&O. ORIENTAL	5045	1200	L. H. Moule	21st "
† ASSAM	3060	500	T. F. Creery	28th "
P.&O. HIMALAYA	6898	1000	J. Ormston	5th May.
† SIAM	3070	501	H. Weigheil	12th "
P.&O. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	19th "

The Steamers marked P.&O. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these Steamers.

† These Vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers for Brindisi, Marseilles and London.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

TUESDAY 5 P.M.	Steamers.	Tons.	Horse Power.	Captain
March 28	Peninsular	5045	1200	A. C. Loggin.
April 17	Shannon	4189	800	E. Crewe.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only hand-packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage correctly labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued to London *via* Japan and Vancouver.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo:—

27th Dec. 24th Jan,
10th Jan. 7th Feb.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

I. M. SHIELDS,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 25th November, 1893.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	G. Nicolich	4,194	750	1st Jan., 94.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,119	750	1st Feb.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 9th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
VINDOBONA	P. Mersa	4,351	350	9th Jan. 1894.
VISELA	F. Kresovich	4,253	350	9th Feb.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS.

By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class	2nd Class.
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 900	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1060	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste the St. Gothard's, and other routes.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	A. Fellner	3,878	300	21st Dec.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. AGLAIA to Madras and Calcutta.

For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

O. VON HOFFER,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 30, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Dec. 9, 1893.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES and GENOA calling at ALEXANDRIA for BRINDISI and VENICE, 11th Jan., 8th Feb., and 8th March, 1894.

BOMBAY TO HONGKONG, calling at SINGAPORE, 8th January, 1894.

For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

C. BARBORO, Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 14, 1893.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. the SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s.s. "AVOCA" will positively SAIL as above on the 20th inst. For Freight and Passage, Apply to the Agents,

VISRAM EBRAHIM & CO.,
Khoja Mohla, Mandvie.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Capt.	Tons.	To sail About 1893.
HISPANIA	S. Abrey	3,280	30th Dec.
ARABIA	C. H. Hillcoat	3,544	13th Jan., 1894.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about thirty hours.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.

All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.

For Rates of Passage and further Particulars Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, November 21, 1893.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.

SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.

RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c. booked on terms of existing concessions.

PASSENGERS met on arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.

HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.

LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

FAVOURABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths according to individual requirements.

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CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.

PASSENGERS with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

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SPECIAL REDUCED RATES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe via China and America.

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DRAFTS issued at the Exchanges of the day.

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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATHIAWAR COAST.

S.S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 20th December, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 1,168 tons, on the 16th December, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "ASSYRIA," 1,554 tons, on the 17th December, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "CULNA," 1,950 tons, on the 21st December, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR ADEN AND ZANZIBAR.

S.S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, on the 20th December, calling at Aden, Mombassa, and Zanzibar, in the foregoing or any order.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 14th December, 1893. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
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PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

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Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

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SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine insurance effected at the lowest rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NOTICE.

THE LONAULI HOTEL is OPENED, and it will be KEPT through the WHOLE YEAR. No Trouble will be Spared for the Passengers. The Rooms are very Comfortable and Airy; and a good Management.

S. BOMANJEE,
Proprietor.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

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VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs 5. Horses standing at Livery on Commission Sale Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper; Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-Country Commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the Yard. Single, Rs. 15: Double, Rs. 30. The Horse-Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and very Class of Shoeing is done.

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By Indian Parcels Post.

Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.

High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,

AT LOOM PRICES!

SAVING, 50 PER CENT.

HENRY PEASE AND CO.'S SUCCESSORS,

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THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,

Established 1752,

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High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials

DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,

Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.

EXQUISITE DRESS,

Latest Fashion at First Cost,

FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,

Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.

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DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,

And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.

All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.

SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.

High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.

For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.

DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.

Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.

ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT or no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.

All Orders are executed the same day as received.

HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington employing more than 1,000 hands.

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THE HIMALAYA SEED STORES,
MUSSOORIE, N.-W. P.
MANAGER:—W. W. JOHNSTONE.)
VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS
FOR PRESENT SOWING.
OUR GRAND NEW CATALOGUE
(FOR SEASONS 1893-94)

Is now ready. Contains Descriptions of about 2,000 Varieties, including all the latest European and American Novelties, Native names, full Cultural Directions, &c., &c.

FREE ON APPLICATION. Postage As. 2-6.

Orders for BULBS AND PLANTS

Of all Varieties are now being Booked, for Delivery from October.

LUCERNE.

ENGLISH, per lb. Rs. 1-8; 10 lbs., Rs. 14.
FRENCH, the heaviest Cropping Variety, per lb., Rs. 1-12
10 lbs., Rs. 16.

"PRACTICAL GARDENING FOR INDIAN AMATEURS."

Cloth, Rs. 5 a few Copies in Limp paper, at Rs. 3-8.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

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SELECTED AND SURPRISING PROGRAMME.

GRAND! INCREDIBLE!! MARVELLOUS!!!

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THE GRAND ANATOMICAL MUSEUM.

A. SIMONS (the Proprietor) begs to intimate the Public that he will give a Series of Exhibitions, only a Fortnight in Bombay, of his Marvellous, Magnificent, and the Noblest Cabinet of Human and Comparative Anatomy, showing the different kinds of diseases of human and animal body, their Curious Structure, the Nature, uses and functions of their several parts.

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THE GREAT ORIGINAL SPLENDID DISPLAY OF FULL LIFE-SIZE.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:—Annas 8.

Doors Open at 8 A.M. Commencing at 9 A.M. to 12 NOON; and 4 P.M. to 12 mid-night.

For further particulars see Daily Newspapers.

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WE beg to invite an early inspection of our new Fruits at our various Establishments, just received by the P. & O. S.S. "Thames."

ANGELICA.	PEARS.
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BYCULLA, FORT, AND POONA.

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CARDS!
NEW YEAR
GREETING
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TOY BOOKS—BOOKLETS.

An Immense Choice Varieties TO SELECT FROM.

Exceptionally the Best and Cheapest for the Season.

An Inspection is Solicited.

MADON, SONS & Co.,
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THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
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In Great Variety, Best and Cheapest.
AN INSPECTION SOLICITED.

B. D. MOTIWALA & Co.,
18, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

SECOND-HAND PIANOFORTES.

IN good order, and warranted to stand the Indian Climate. We offer these at Reduced Prices and with a view of making room for new Instruments.

	Rs.
Ebonized Bijou Cottage Piano	255
Ebonized Grand Piano (3 legs)	300
Mahogany Sympathetic Square Piano	455
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For Hire Purchase terms Apply to

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
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'XMAS CARDS,
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All the LATEST NOVELTIES,
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SHROFF BROTHERS,
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FIGS and RAISINS.

JUST RECEIVED, per P. & O. "GANGES"

A Small Consignment of
SMYRNA
FIGS and RAISINS (Seedless) Quality
NON PLUS ULTRA,
NEVER IMPORTED IN INDIA.
MOST SUITABLE FOR
'XMAS PRESENTS.
Packed in Neat Paper Boxes of nearly 3 lbs each.

Figs	per	Packet	Rs. 2
Raisins Sultanie, Seedless	"	"	2-8

N.B.—The Consignment being a Small one, Gentlemen are requested to book their Orders soon to prevent disappointment.

Apply Sharp to
D. MACROPOLO,
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THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.
2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to nearly Seven and three quarter Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.
3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Acting Secretary.

N.B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

WHISKY AGENT.—JOHN and ROBT. HARVEY and Co., Distillers, Glasgow, Scotland (Established 1770) REQUIRE AGENT (purchasing preferred) for Pushing Sale of their Blended Scotch Whiskies in Bulk and Case. References in Britain necessary.

SPECIAL IMPORTATIONS OF WINES.

TREACHER & CO. are receiving large Consignments of CHOICE WINES of all kinds to meet the extra demand at this Season of the year, and have now a most Complete Stock of All Brands most in Repute.

CHAMPAGNES
of all Brands most in demand.
SHERRIES
by Gonsalez, Byass & Co.
PORTS
from Sandeman & Co.
CLARETS AND BURGUNDIES.
HOCKS AND MOSELLES.
SAUTERNES AND HUNGARIAN WINES.
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SPIRITS OF ALL BRANDS AND FOREIGN LIQUEURS.
TREACHER & CO.'S
CELEBRATED HIGHLAND MALT WHISKEY
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HEART LABELLED BRANDIES.
TREACHER & CO., LD.,
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MAJOLICA ART WARE.

THE most Artistically Finished and Richly Decorated with Gold on Raised Work.

The Richest and most Selected Assortment in this Artware, ever imported into India.

PRICES EXCEPTIONALLY LOW.

CARD TRAYS. TARDINIERES. DESSERT SERVICES. WALL PLATES. CENTRE PIECES. COFFEE SETS. ICE CREAM PLATES. BONBONIERES. MENAGE TRAYS. FLOWER BASKETS. CAKESTANDS. WASHHAND SERVICES. BISCUIT BOXES. Etc. etc.

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MAJOLICA ART WARE
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R. DITMAR,
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BOMBAY.

CHOICE INDIAN CIGARS.
O. K. BRAND.

		Rs. a.
O K NOBLES—Of fine flavour, and mild, in Boxes of 100	Per Box	1 12
O K DAWSONS—With straw, much liked	"	1 12
O K MANILLAS—Choice, mild Cheroots, with straw	"	1 8
O K HAVANNAHS—Well made, a Superior Smoke	"	2 0
O K THOMPSONS—With straw, a Long Smoke	"	1 14
O K Five Minutes, a Tiffin Smoke	"	1 4

JAVA GEMS.

O K JAVA GEMS, Cigar Shape, No. 1, in Boxes of 100		Per Box	3 4
O K JAVA GEMS	No. 2	"	3 0
O K JAVA GEMS	No. 3	"	2 12

BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, Byculla Bridge, and Cumballa Hill. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD., { POONA: Temple House, Camp, and Boodhwar Peth, City.
WINE, AND GENERAL IMPORT MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

THACKER & CO., LTD.
BOMBAY

WE HAVE NOW THE HONOUR OF SUPPLYING OVER 100 MESSES AND CANTEENS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Your Crest correctly Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
for Rs. 16.

Your Monogram artistically Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
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Before Engraving Dies of Crests and Monograms, a PENCIL SKETCH is forwarded FREE OF CHARGE, and sunk in Steel when approved of.

STAMPING AND EMBOSSING
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ANY COLOUR.

PER 100 IMPRESSIONS	.. ..	Annas 8
PER 1,000 "	.. ..	Rs. 5 0

GOLD, SILVER, OR BRONZE.

PER 100 IMPRESSIONS	.. ..	Rs. 2 0
PER 1,000 "	.. ..	" 17 0

GOLD AND COLOURS.

Charges according to amount of work.

VISITING CARDS.

100 GENTLEMEN'S CARDS, one line with Plate	Rs. 3 0
100 LADIES' CARDS, one line with Plate	" 5 0

Other lines, such as Address and Club, charged Re. 1 per line extra.

THIS RATE IS FOR THICK OR THIN CARDS.

We prefer keeping Steel Dies and Card Plates on hand; we are then accountable for their preservation from rust, scratches, or loss.

To OFFICERS of the Royal Horse Artillery, Royal Artillery, Royal Engineers, Medical Staff, and Indian Medical Service.

SMALL QUANTITIES OF STATIONERY HEADED WITH ANY OF THESE CRESTS ARE ALWAYS ON HAND. Large quantities can be executed within three or four days from receipt of order.

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A Large Variety in Stock and constant renewals of the latest Designs.
SEND FOR SAMPLES.

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BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on SATURDAY, MONDAY, and TUESDAY, the 23rd, 25th and 26th instant, and on SATURDAY, the 30th instant, and MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 1st and 2nd proximo, these being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

JAS. H. SLEIGH,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 14th December, 1893.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Undersigned hereby informs the Public that he has DISSOLVED PARTNERSHIP with Mr. MANSUKHRAM JAMNADAS in the firm going under the Name of the "PRINCE OF WALES DAIRY Co.," and will NOT BE RESPONSIBLE for any shortcomings or debts contracted by the said Mansukhram Jamnadas, from the 5th instant, being the date on which Partnership was dissolved.

ALBERT E. MUIR.

Bombay, December 15th 1893.

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Tenders to be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Coal," and to state the rate per ton of 20 cwt. delivered into lighters alongside and the approximate date of delivery.

The Tender must give the name of the Colliery, and a certificate will be required that the Coal is from the colliery named.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the Lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
General Storekeeper.

Parel, 13th December, 1893.

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CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
NOTICE TO INTENDING PASSENGERS.

WITH a view to enable the Railway Company to provide ADEQUATE ACCOMMODATION to meet the heavy Passenger Traffic from Bombay by the Mail Trains of SATURDAY and SUNDAY, the 23rd and 24th instant, intending First and Second Class Passengers are requested to either Book their seats beforehand at the Colaba, Church Gate, or Grant Road Stations, or to notify their intention to travel to the Traffic Manager, Bombay.

It may be necessary, as in previous years, to run an additional Express Train on these dates, leaving Colaba 15 minutes after the Ordinary Mail Train.

I. O'CALLAGHAN,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 15th December, 1893.

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Stalls .....Rs. 4 | Dress Circle..... Rs. 3

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Tenders will be received by one of the Undersigned, Mr. Dady Nusserwanjee Dady, Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort, upto Noon of the 31st day of December, 1893.

The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any Tender and they reserve to themselves the right of selling the said properties separately or in one lot as to them may seem expedient.

JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY,
DADY NUSSERWANJEE DADY,
Trustees.

Bombay, 29th November, 1893.

BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

REDUCTION IN FARES DURING CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS, FROM 12TH DECEMBER, 1893, TO 6TH JANUARY, 1894, INCLUSIVE.

RETURN TICKETS will be issued to First and Second Class Passengers for any Distance above 100 miles over this Railway at a Single Fare for the Christmas and New Year Holidays. These Tickets will be issued on and after the 12th December, 1893, and will be available for completion of Return Journey up to and inclusive of the 6th January, 1894.

(b) These Tickets will not be accepted for Reserved accommodation.

(c) The concession will apply in Local Booking and in Through Booking with the East Indian, Oudh and Rohilkhand, Indian Midland and Great Indian Peninsula Railways only. Passengers for Other Lines will be booked to the Junction only.

(d) The concession over the East Indian and Oudh and Rohilkhand Railways is the same as on this Railway, and Return Tickets will be issued to Stations on those Lines under the same conditions except that the limit of 100 miles will be observed on each Line separately.

(e) Return Tickets will be issued in Through Booking with the Great Indian Peninsula and Indian Midland Railways, ONE AND A HALF FARES being charged for the travelled distance over those lines. Tickets to stations on the Great Indian Peninsula and Indian Midland Railways will not be issued before the 14th December, 1893, or after the 31st idem.

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	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.
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A. E. P. GRAVES,
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Traffic Manager's Office, Dated Nagpur, 30th Nov., 1893.

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Each offer should be accompanied with Rs. 100, which will be returned in the event of the offer not being accepted.
The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.
In the event of an offer being accepted, the amount of Rs. 100 will have to be augmented to an amount not exceeding 10 per cent. of the total amount offered, and before the removal of the machinery the Balance will have to be paid.

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is made has laid in bond the requisite time, consequently

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is the only Tobacco that justifies the term RARE OLD BONDED, and is, therefore, we claim superior to any other Pipe Tobacco before the Public.

THOMAS OGDEN, LIMITED, LIVERPOOL.

SOLE REPRESENTATIVE
MR. STANLEY OAKES,
13-2 GOVERNMENT PLACE,
CALCUTTA.
RETAIL of all respectable Dealers.

TO SMOKERS.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.'S HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES AND TURKISH TOBACCO.

Purveyors in Cairo to the KHEDIVIAL FAMILY.
"ALWAYS FRESH AND RELIABLE."

CIGARETTES—	Rs. a.		HAVANA CIGARS—	Rs. a.	
Khedivial, 50 in a tin box	6 8	per 100	El Diploma 25 in a box	4 0	per Box
Extra Fine, G. F., 100 in a tin box	5 0	"	Cordelia 50 "	5 0	"
Rameses, 25 in a paper box and 500 in a tin box	4 0	"	La Odalisca 50 "	5 0	"
			Vera 25 "	6 0	"
Fleur d'Orient, 100 in a tin box	3 8	"	Sins Rival 50 "	7 8	"
Non Plus Ultra, 100	3 0	"	Mi Reina 50 "	6 0	"
Best Egyptian, 100 in a paper box and 600 in a tin box	2 8	"	AMERICAN EAGLE—		
			Rothschilds 25 in a box	2 12	"
			Regalia del Principe 100 "	7 8	"

SPECIALITY OF TURKISH TOBACCO.
Yenidje, Extra Flowers in ½ lb. tins, Rs. 6-0-0 per lb. Turkish in ¼ lb. tins, Rs. 4-8-0 per lb.
ENGLISH CUT TOBACCO OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.
Smoker's Requisites of All Kinds.
ILLUSTRATED GENERAL PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,

20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,

HAVE NOW ON VIEW IN THEIR
SHOWROOMS
A Large Variety of the Newest Styles
IN DRESS FABRICS,
COMPRISING

PRINTED CAMBRICS.	MOUSSELIN DE LAINES.
FIGURED COTTON CREPONS.	WOOLLEN CREPONS.

DRESSMAKING CHARGES STRICTLY MODERATE.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6 inches long, in boxes of		50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES	5	" "	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	" "	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	" "	100
BAHADUR " 3	3½	" "	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	" "	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	" "	200

GENUINE BAHADURS are obtainable from all RESPECTABLE Dealers throughout India.
SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,
McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.

"PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.

The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts**, which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.

Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement from the profession and scientific men."

Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."

For Full Price List and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from

PULVERMACHER'S GALVANIC ESTABLISHMENT,
194, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.
(ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS).

DAWSON'S BOOTS

NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.

JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS
REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75380

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 June, 2017

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 184 Military Messes and 55 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	London.
GEORGE TANQUERAY & Co.	London.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	London.
JOHN HARVEY AND SONS.	Bristol.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
POL ROGER AND Co.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
PERINET ET FILS.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DESBORBES ET FILS.	Avize.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
DESBORDES ET FILS.	Avize.
OOLIGNY FRERES.	Rheims.
J. SACCONE.	Gibraltar
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
OURLIER FRERES.	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes, N. B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
MAX GREGER & Co.	Budapest.
JOS. DIETZL.	Budapest.
WILLIAMS HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN AND Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
FRANK BAILEY AND Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

Price List on Application to
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

MARQUES DE MISA'S PURE "GRAPE" BRANDY.

GUARANTEED PURE GRAPE SPIRIT ONLY

MESSRS. CUTLER, PALMER & Co., of 3a, New London Street, E. C., have the pleasure of announcing that the Marques de Misa has appointed them the Sole Bottling and Shipping Export Agents for his Excellency's PURE "GRAPE" SPANISH BRANDY. Messrs. C. P. & Co. can confidently recommend this Pure Grape Spirit as being far and away superior to many of the so-called Brands of Cognac now being shipped to India and other parts of the World. The Spirit being made simply and solely from Spanish Grapes is guaranteed to be absolutely pure, and should command the attention of every consumer of Cognac, and of those who prefer a pure, wholesome, and first class Grape Spirit. The price we are authorized to quote for this superior Spirit in Bombay is

Rs. 35-8 per Case of 1 Dozen.
LESS 2½ PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
SOLE EXPORT AGENTS,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

ROSS AND CAMERON'S NATURAL HIGHLAND WHISKIES shipped in three qualities. The produce under the old natural system of distillation of finest selected Home-grown Barley and distilled within the Highlands of Scotland. Highlanders resident abroad should note.

Prices:—"Lochgorm" Rs. 28. "H.B." (Highlander label) Rs. 31. "C. E. B." Rs. 34.
"LOCHGORM" in 1 Gallon "D" JOHNS," Rs. 15.
½ Gallon, Rs.
Special Terms to Messes, Clubs and large Buyers.
AGENTS.—R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., FORT, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY AND PERSIA S. N. Co., LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 25 per each Original Share of Rs. 500, and of Rs. 6¼ on each new Issue Share of Rs. 125, for the year ending 31st December, 1892, has been declared and made payable at the registered office of the Company, No. 1, Ash Lane, on and after the 15th proximo to the registered shareholders on the 22nd Instant.

Shareholders are requested to produce their Share Certificates when applying for Dividend Warrants.

A. H. ZENALABDIN SHIRAZI,
Managing Agent.

Bombay, 29th Nov., 1893.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER.

FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a neverfailing and permanent Cure. It
Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains.
It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Prepared in Fiji, and sold by Chemists throughout Fiji.

The Letter of Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford.

"My Friend,—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg I could not plant yams, I could not go fishing. I could not eat or sleep; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of boils is near.

"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanual Levu."

Explanation of above Letter.

"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in boils, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicine than 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from Jonathan, a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a less quananity will effect a cure.—I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully,

"T. EDGCUMBE DUNSFORD,
"15, Leicester-square, London, W.C.,
"21 June, 1892."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to cure a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

GOLD PRIZE-MEDAL, NATIONAL ACADEMY.

BANKS.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.

LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
HEAD OFFICE:
55, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY GALLE, PENANG, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, HONGKONG, & SHANGHAI.

THE BANK receives FIXED DEPOSITS for one year at 4½ per cent. interest, and CURRENT DEPOSITS on TERMS which may be learned on Application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

R. KENNEDY,
Manager.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL ....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000.
HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY, NEWERA ELYA, MANDALAY, AND ZANZIBAR.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs 10, no interest is allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 Months at 4 Per Cent Per Annum.

For Shorter Periods at Rates to be learned on Application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1893.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
EXCHANGE BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	10 per. ct.	1,180
Bank o. Bengal	40,000	400	all	10 per. ct.	1,170
Bank of Madras	10,000	100	all	10 per. ct.	98
Commercial Bk. & Co. Ltd.	5,000	100			15% of 89
Ld. Mgs.	2,000	100	50	10 p. c.	65 to 70
	3,000	100	10		15 to 17
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	200,000	410	all	5 per. ct.	70xd
Comptoir Bank	40,000	320	320	7 per. ct.	40 0
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	250,000	$125	all	41	£ 3
National Bank of India	60,000	625	$125	6 pr. ct.	219
MISCELLANEOUS.				Last Divd.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	175
	1,000	50	150	7½	20
Back Bay Baths	200	50	50	12	61
Badham Pile	4,000	100	100	10	102
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Bargir Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	all	Nil.	150 no
Bombay Fir Insurance	In Liquidation				
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,200	2,500	1,500	270	4,925
Do. New Issue	500	375	625	67½	1,225
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	67
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	600	800	800	3 pr. ct.	63
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	1,040
Bocana Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	1
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	251
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 20	236
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld	2,500	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	275
Ieyer & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	70	—	70 no
ndian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	2,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	161
John Roberts & Co.	1 800	100	100	10 pr. ct.	121
Jehangir B. Karani & Co., Ld.	8,000	500	100	7½ pr. ct.	100
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 21	308
Kurrachee Landing	600	500	300	20	19
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	3
Marcks & Co., Ld.	200	100	100	Rs. 10	94
Nasik Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	90
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200		6
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. c	180
Oriental Loan	6,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	20
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 7	94
Port Canning Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	19	455
Prince of Wales Fireln.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,3
Soundry & Co.	1,000	100	100	50	50
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	100	90	970
Thacker & Co.	1,000	100	100	5	45
Telephone Co.	9,000	25	all	5	19½
Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,40
Alliance	1,500	0	all	Rs. 15	480xd
Anglo-Indian	1,250		100	Nil	53
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	871		all	9 per ct.	30
Bombay Uniged	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	625
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	330
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	—	740
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	360
Central India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 30	1,085
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	49
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	805
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	625
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700		Rs. 10	580
Cocria Mills	900	1,000	1,	Rs. 40	410
Dural Mills Co., Ld.	5,688	100	100	50	440
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 15	365
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	325
Empress	2,100	500	500	20 pr. ct.	500
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	370
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	675
Hinguzhat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	Rs. 1	535
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,155xd
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500		310
Indian Manfg.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,130
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	560
Jaffer Alli	800	500	500	Nil	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,850	250	250		150
Jowraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	810
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	635xd
Khandelah	750	1,000	1,000	30	640
Khanger Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil	725
Khatao Maokunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	535
Leopold	1,000	100	100	16 pr. ct.	160
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	500
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	830
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,425
Mahalaxmee	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	350
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,40	500	500	15 pr. c	1,470
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,560
Manejee	5,000	0	250	0	126½
Morarji Goculdas	1,000	1,000	1,000	65	1,260xd
Maharaja Mercore S & M Co.	6,80	100	100		90
Meyer Mills	7,776	100	100	Nil.	pa
Nation	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	15
New Great	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	435
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	370
Presidency Mills Co., Ld.	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,210
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	475
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000		810
Shamrock	1,200	1,000	1,000	5	1,050
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	..	1,230
Sonderiya	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	560
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 15	165
Southern Mahratta	1,212	25	250		124
Standard Mills, Ld.	1,200	100	100		123
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	160
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	Rs. 15	470
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	50	55)
Vishmbar Lukhmishee Kar C. Mill	900	500	500	25	800
Victoria Mills	250	1,000	1,000	25	220
Western India	1,700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	650
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	
Swiss Mills, Ld	2,000	1,000	1,000	..	

PRESS COMPANIES.

Arnar	300	1,250	1,25	75 1,350
Albert Glazing Co	100	500	all	45
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	18 per cent dvd Rs80 945
Apollo	750	2,400	2,400	Rs 200 1105
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil. 40 230
Bhownagger City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	1350	250	250	300
Bombay Cotton reali's Dawnpor Press Co. Ld	1,000	125	125	dvd Rs 7 220xd
Bombay City Press Co., Ld.	600	200	200	16 1224 215
Colaba	600	200	all	2124
Canary	500	1,800	1,800	30 180
Dnyan Sodha	350	1,000	1,000	45 dvd 1,360
English Press and Manfg.	400	250		13 130
French	315	10 500	2,50	Rs. 80 1,18
Harvey and Sabapathy	300	500	500	30 450
Hindoli Press Co., Ld	436	500	500	50 475
Khanagaum	750	400	all	4 122½
Krishnaji Vishwanath Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	240	450	430	22 373
Mercantile	300	500	300	60 120
Mofussil Co.	1,000	125	100	10 p. ct.
Mummar M.	3,125	400	400	Rs 60 430
New Bombay	1,000	250	all	Nil 225
New Indian	1,200	500	500	Nil 565
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	Nil 121½
Sabapathy (Ballary)	100	500	500	Rs25dv 440xd
Samachar	400	500	500	75 20 48
Sind and Punjab	300	500	500	20 60
Standard	100	1,000	00	25 1,575
Stiff	400	2,500	750	35 565
Surab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	25	7½ pr. ct. 40
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	375	270	all	20 215xd
Volkart	—	1,00	1000	Rs. 70 1,020

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,00	90	1,40
Alliance	1,500	0	all	Rs. 15	480xd
Anglo-Indian	1,250		100	Nil	53
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	871		all	9 per ct.	30
Bombay Uniged	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	625
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	330
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	—	740
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	360
Central India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 30	1,085
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	49
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	805
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct.	625
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700		Rs. 10	580
Cocria Mills	900	1,000	1,	Rs. 40	410
Dural Mills Co., Ld.	5,688	100	100	50	440
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 15	365
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	325
Empress	2,100	500	500	20 pr. ct.	500
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	370
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	675
Hinguzhat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	Rs. 1	535
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,155xd
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500		310
Indian Manfg.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,130
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	560
Jaffer Alli	800	500	500	Nil	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,850	250	250		150
Jowraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	810
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	635xd
Khandelah	750	1,000	1,000	30	640
Khanger Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil	725
Khatao Maokunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	535
Leopold	1,000	100	100	16 pr. ct.	160
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	500
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	830
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,425
Mahalaxmee	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	350
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,40	500	500	15 pr. c	1,470
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,560
Manejee	5,000	0	250	0	126½
Morarji Goculdas	1,000	1,000	1,000	65	1,260xd
Maharaja Mercore S & M Co.	6,80	100	100		90
Meyer Mills	7,776	100	100	Nil.	pa
Nation	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	15
New Great	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	435
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	370
Presidency Mills Co., Ld.	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,210
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	475
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000		810
Shamrock	1,200	1,000	1,000	5	1,050
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	..	1,230
Sonderiya	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	560
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 15	165
Southern Mahratta	1,212	25	250		124
Standard Mills, Ld.	1,200	100	100		123
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	160
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	Rs. 15	470
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	50	55)
Vishmbar Lukhmishee Kar C. Mill	900	500	500	25	800
Victoria Mills	250	1,000	1,000	25	220
Western India	1,700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	650
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	
Swiss Mills, Ld	2,000	1,000	1,000	..	

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs. 16
Carolus	nom.
Mexican Dollars	198
Gold five Franc Pieces	12-13
Bar Silver	35-3
Gold Leaf	25-4
Bar Gold, English	25-5
Bar Australian	25-5
Bar Bombay	25-2
Bar Pekin	24-10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per cent	105
Three-and-a-half per cent	91
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans	118
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loans	250
Four Trust Bonds	103-4
Four per cent. Port Trust Bond	103

EXCHANGE

	Terms.	Rate.
London Banks	On demand	1s. 3 3-32d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 3 3-32d.
Do. do.	4 Months sight	1s. 3 5-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do. do	1s. 3 7-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do	1s. 3 9-32d.
Do. Credit	4 Do. do	1s. 3 9-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do	1s. 3 13-32d.
Do. Documents	4 Do. do	1s. 3 15-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do	1s. 3 7-16d.
France	4 Do. do	1 60)
Do.	6 Do. do	1 61)
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	30 days	99
Madras	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	30 days	99½
China	30 days	181

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP—Pure, Mild, and Emollient—This essentially complexion Soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence with its soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Creamy lather. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Fifth Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.
Addresses to Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, Town Hall, 3 p.m.
Annual Meeting of the University Senate, 5-15 p.m.
Ladies' Concert, B. V. A. Head-quarters, Byculla.
The London Lyric Company, 9 p.m.
The Great Indian Circus, 9 p.m.
Music at the Esplanade Bandstand, 5-30 p.m.
Cricket Match at the Victoria Gardens, 5-30 p.m.
Anjuman-e-Farsi Conversational Meeting, New High School, Fort, 5 p.m.
Bombay Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund, Annual General Meeting, Town Hall, 3 p.m.
Bandora Bachelors' Club, Annual General Meeting, 6-30 p.m.

VICTORIA DOCK.— The s. s. Sutlej and Vasna left the dock yesterday.

DANCE AT THE YACHT CLUB.—There will be a dance at the Yacht Club, on Monday next.

BOMBAY CYCLING CLUB.—Hamilton Cup Race tomorrow morning 6-45, Church Gate Station.

CONFIRMATION SERVICE.—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Bombay will hold a Confirmation in Holy Trinity Church, Esplanade, at half-past 5 o'clock this (Saturday) afternoon.

ARYAN SOCIAL UNION.—Mr. Choonilal Lalloobhai Parekh will lecture to-night at 8 p.m. on "Citizen," at the People's Free Reading Room and Library, Bazaar Gate Street, Fort.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S LEVEE.—The following gentlemen were unavoidably prevented from attending H. E. the Governor's Levee on the 13th instant:—Messrs. F. Rustomji, E. S. Lusrd, and John Fowler.

ARRIVAL OF THE STATE MINISTER OF BARODA.—Mr. Manibhai Jasbhai, the Dewan of Baroda, accompanied by nine followers, arrived on Thursday morning at the Grant Road Railway Station. The Dewan is now staying at Walkeshwar.

DISAPPEARANCE OF A LAD.—Davechund Jaitha, residing at Nowroji Hill, has made a report to the police, that his nephew Raja Hunsa, aged sixteen years, left home on the evening of the 13th instant, and has not since returned. The lad had on his person gold and silver ornaments of the collective value of Rs. 28.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By the kind permission of officers of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, the Volunteer Band will play the following programme, at the Esplanade Band Stand, this evening at 5-30:—

March	Deutsch ..... Collins.
Overture	The Armourer ..... Lortzing.
Valse	Eldorado ..... Royle.
Selection	The Nautch Girl ..... Solomons.
Song	Mona ..... S. Adams.
Polka	The Student ..... Coote.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

DEPARTURE OF THE THAKORE SAHIB OF MORVI.—His Highness the Thakore Sahib of Morvi, accompanied by his son, left the Grant Road Railway station, last night, by the Ahmedabad mail train, for his territory. Some of the native gentlemen, who had assembled at the station, decked his Highness with garlands of flowers, and presented him with bouquets. Amongst those present on the platform were: The Thakore Sahib of Palitana, Prince Samatsingji, Mr. Lakhmidas Khimji, and Dhuramsey Morarji Goculdas. His Highness, after acknowledging the compliments, entered his carriage, and left for his territory.

FIRE IN A GODOWN.—On Thursday night a police sepoy No. 1438 B observed some smoke issuing from a godown containing sacks of corn, situated at Dongree and owned by Mahomed Rowji. An alarm of fire being raised some townspeople broke open the door of the godown and entered the place, finding some sacks of corn on fire. Telephonic messages were immediately sent to different fire-brigade stations, and within a few minutes of the outbreak, the Pydhownee and Fort steamers came on the scene. Their services were not, however, required, as the flames had been extinguished by the townspeople. The damage is estimated at Rs. 50. The origin of the fire is not known.

BURGLARY AT JACKERIA STREET.—Rainabai, a Memon widow, residing on the first floor of a house at Jackeria Street, has reported to the police that at 9 a.m. on Thursday last, she secured the door of her room with two padlocks and went to Haji Alli, but on her return at 5 p.m. on the same day found the locks on the door wrenched off. On entering the place she further discovered that her cupboard had been broken open and a tin-box, enclosed in a wooden one, had been opened with a duplicate key, and gold and silver ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 5,000, stolen therefrom. Three pieces of silk and wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 35, had also been stolen from the cupboard.

THE LONDON LYRIC COMPANY.—Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Harris have signified their intention of again visiting the performance of the London Lyric Company on Monday evening next, at the Gaiety Theatre. Major Roughton, the Commander, and the officers and men of the Bombay Artillery, will also be present on the occasion, when the company will produce for the first time in India, Sydney Grundy's famous drama "The Village Priest." The company's last performance will be on Tuesday, that evening being set apart for the benefit of the favourite comedian Mr. Henry Kitts, who will appear as "Carraway Sawbones" in Mark Melford's farcical comedy of "Turned Up." The play will be followed by a very attractive variety entertainment.

CRIMINAL INTIMIDATION.—Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Sitaram Yesji Malekar was charged with Gunoo Gopal Padwal and five others with criminal intimidation and assault. The complainant's case was that the accused in company with a dozen more went to his house, at Duncan Road on the 31st July, and threatened that if he did not admit a certain individual into partnership in his ink business they would assault him, loot his property, and ruin him. It was with great difficulty that complainant effected an escape from their hands. His Worship discharged the first accused, but the rest of them were convicted and sentenced to a day's imprisonment, and ordered to be bound over in the sum of fifty rupees each to keep the peace for six months.

HOUSE-BREAKING IN THE FORT.—Before Mr. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Inspector Saunders charged Govind Shanker, a Madrasee, with house-breaking and theft in respect of certain property, valued at Rs. 954, belonging to Mrs. Harriet Austin, a milliner and dressmaker, at Rampart Row, Esplanade. A policeman on duty fancying that there was something strange about the man stopped him, when he suddenly discovered that the Madrasee's walking stick was in reality a heavy iron crowbar, this the sepoy at once took charge of and on searching the man, he found on his person a quantity of red silk and China crape together with a number of extra appliances belonging to a sewing machine. As the man failed to account satisfactorily for the possession of these articles, the sepoy placed him before Inspector Saunders. The Madrasee informed the police officer that he had brought the whole of the property with him from Madras recently. The Inspector commenced inquiry the same night, and before four o'clock yesterday morning found out that the man had broken open Mrs. Austin's shop and extracted the property. The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to twelve months' rigorous imprisonment.

SUICIDE OF A PARSEE WOMAN.—Mr. Allan F. Turner, the Coroner, held an inquest yesterday, at Khetwady, 1st Lane, regarding the death of a Parsee woman, named Manockbai, aged sixty-five years, the wife of one Cursetji Pestonji, a pensioned mistry in H. M's Dockyard, residing at that locality. The deceased was of a very irritable temper, and a few days ago became very sullen and depressed on account for her son, who had been ailing for some time. At 9 a.m. on Wednesday last, her husband returned home from the market when on finding the deceased vomiting and purging, he questioned her as to the cause of her illness, and was replied that she had taken some opening medicine. The vomiting and purging, however, continued, and the husband becoming alarmed called Dr. Mody, who after examining the deceased, suspected that she had taken arsenic and questioned her to that effect. The deceased at that time denied having taken arsenic, but in the evening at 6 o'clock admitted before her husband that she had swallowed poison. At 2 a.m. yesterday, the husband, on seeing the deceased in a dying state, again called Dr. Mody, who treated her, but she did not recover and died at 4 a.m. yesterday. The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by arsenic, which she voluntarily administered to herself.

OPENING OF A STATE COURT-HOUSE AT CAMBAY.—On the 1st instant, his Highness the Nawab of Cambay opened the new State Court-house, when the Political Agent and other officials were assembled in a shamiana pitched opposite the building. At the request of his Highness, the Political Agent delivered the following address:—Gentlemen, H. H. the Nawab, your Chief, has asked me to say a few words for him on this occasion, and I have much pleasure in doing so. We are here this morning to witness the inauguration of the new State Court-house. Lengthy remarks are not necessary, but it may be as well to say that a court-house holding all the offices connected with magisterial and judicial work of the State under one roof was much needed. The old offices were in many ways inconvenient, while the chief court was and is in absolutely unsafe condition. It was absolutely necessary to rebuild at least this court, and therefore the opportunity was taken to gather all the offices under one roof. Hence this new building, which I think may be safely described as the finest in the town. But this is a record-breaking age, and there is no reason why the next effort should not be an improvement on this. The way in which the building has been made reflects the greatest credit on the Public Works Daroga, Mr. Abanmia, and his able mistries and workmen, for every bit of the work in the building has been done by local talent and labour.—*Kathiawar Times.*

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Amir is reported to be in good health at Kabul; and he has no intention for the present of going to Jallalabad.

THE relief of the Afghan regiments at Jallalabad from Bamian has not been carried out, owing to the excessive cold on the passes, which will now prevent the moves taking place until the spring.

IT is said to be the intention of General Ghulam Haider to subdue the Siaposh Kafirs who inhabit the Asmar Border, and during the coming summer to bring them under the direct rule of the Amir.

THE Melbourne paper, *Table Talk*, is responsible for the statement that a son of Sir Henry Norman, who recently refused the office of Viceroy of India, performs the humble and peaceful functions of a policeman in New Zealand.

FAVOURABLE reports are being made of Viceroy Chang Chih Tung's enterprises at Hankow. The prospects of the iron works are improving, and the produce of piece goods from the newly established cotton mills has already had an influence on the import of Manchester goods into the northern provinces.

THE second tie in the Calcutta Polo Tournament, for Messrs. McInnes and Laurie Johnston's Cup, was played off on Tuesday evening, between the Rifle Brigade, comprising Mr. Baden, Captain Jenkins, Messrs. Alexander and Paget (back), and the Calcutta Junior Polo Club, comprising Mr. A. Ezra, Mr. W. Rees, Mr. Bonham Carter, and Mr. Cliperts (back). The umpires were Captains Leckie, R.A., and Charles Gough, Aide-de-Camp. The Rifle Brigade had it much their own way, and after four periods came out victors by fourteen goals to one.

IT is interesting to note that of late an unusually large number of old rupees has been observed in the cash balances of the banks. This is strong confirmation of the theory that the low price of silver is proving an effective bait to the masses in this country. The Marwari is seizing his opportunity, much as the magician in the Arabian Nights succeeded in exchanging new lamps for old.

ADMIRAL Sir John Corbett, whose death is announced, saw considerable service in the various small operations in which the British Navy was engaged during the forties and fifties. He was present at the capture of St. Jean d'Acre, and at the taking of Lagos, where he was severely wounded. He served in the China war of 1857, and in the North China expedition three years later. For five years he was Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, and at the close of his active service was Commander-in-Chief in the East Indies and at the Nore. In 1869 he was created C.B., and he received the K.C. B. in 1886, after his promotion to the rank of admiral.

MR. PLOWDEN, the Resident, accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel A. J. Garrett, I.S.C., Military Secretary, and other Residency Officials; Mr. T. H. Lowinskey, Agent and Manager, Hyderabad (Deccan) Mining Company; Mr. W. Pendlebury, Agent and Manager, H. H. the Nizam's State Railway, and other Railway Officials, left Hyderabad on Sunday morning by special train on an official visit to Kazipett and the Singareni Coal Mines. From thence Mr. Plowden and the Residency Staff go on to Bezwada and Rajahmundry to visit that part of the East Coast Railway open to traffic between Bezwada and Rajahmundry, also the new Kistna Bridge.

A BUTTERFLY collector writes from Kulu:—Though the past season has been about the worst butterfly year on record in Kulu, yet as some compensation several small species of *Lycœnidæ*, answering to the English "hairstreaks," which in ordinary seasons are on the wing in June and July, have this year for some unknown reason deferred their appearance until the beginning of November, when they suddenly came out in the oakwoods in very unusual numbers, and have kept on coming out all through the month, and despite the frost at night, are coming out still. Collectors living in hill stations should now take advantage of the leaves being for the most part off the trees to search for cocoons. Where two or three dead leaves are seen drawn together by a thick web, there is sure to be the pupa of one or other of the great Saturnia within. Pupadigging at the root of trees so extensively practised in Europe does not seem to be of much use in India.

WHEN the Kistna Bridge was opened for traffic last year the metre gauge line over the Bridge for the use of the Southern Mahratta Railway trains to run down to Bezwada was shut off to passenger traffic and only one train was allowed to pass on to Bezwada and back with consignments of coal. This arrangement, it was said, would continue until the metre gauge station at Bezwada, which was then in course of erection, was completed. The station having now been completed, the metre gauge line will, it is expected, be opened for traffic on New Year's Day. The inspection of the metre gauge line and station arrangements, prior to the opening for passenger traffic, will be conducted by the Engineer-in-Chief of the East Coast Railway, accompanied by the Consulting Engineer for Railways to the Government of Madras, during the Christmas holiday.

THE death of Lieutenant Currie, announced early in the month, adds one more to the list of those who have met their end on the polo ground, says the *Civil and Military Gazette*. Riding a pony well known to be almost unmanageable, the unfortunate officer had put him in blinkers. Going at best speed to save a goal, Lieutenant Currie's mount galloped into the heels of the leading pony and came down with fearful force. The rider was never again conscious, and to those who saw the fall there was, from the first, no hope. When three fractures of the skull, both shoulders and lower jaw reduced to pulp, it is a marvel he lived to be removed from the ground. He died in his bungalow at 10 p. m., and was buried the next afternoon amid the mournings of the whole Kohat community.

SIR MORTIMER DURAND is now engaged in Calcutta in completing his report regarding the Kabul Mission in readiness for the arrival of the Viceroy. Sir Mortimer, according to present arrangements, will leave for England by the mail steamer of the 23rd instant, which will enable him to meet Lord Elgin on his outward journey at Brindisi.

THE natural outcome of the arrangement with the Amir is, that the frontier line, which is not already clearly defined, should be demarcated, particularly along the Waziristan border. This will probably be done before the cold weather is over, and the local tribesmen will furnish a border militia to take up such posts as it may be considered necessary to establish.

TWO years ago a young officer belonging to one of the oldest families in Bologna fell in love with a very beautiful young girl, the daughter of a local laundress. In spite of the obstacles thrown in his family the lieutenant was determined to marry the girl, and when he was removed to another part of Italy, still kept up a correspondence with her. The young man's family were so annoyed at his obstinacy that they cut off his allowance, and as he found that he could not live on his pay, he determined to go out to the Congo and try his luck. He obtained a situation on the new Congo railway at Palabella, and got on very well. Last month the laundress's daughter received a £50 note and a letter telling her to start for the Congo at once. Immediately on her arrival the pair were married, and the Marchesa now takes in washing, while the Marchese works on the line. The couple (says *Woman*, which tells the story) are said to be as happy "as the day is long."

MR. ARTHUR STANLEY CLARKE, 18th Bengal Lancers, second son of the late Colonel W. Stanley Clarke, 21st Hussars, was married to Miss Hilda Rachel Strickland, daughter of Mr. Algernon, of Apperley Court, Tewkesbury, in St. Gabriel's Church, Warwick-square, London, on November 23rd. Mr. Willoughby Stanley Clarke (brother of the bridegroom) was best man. The bridesmaids were Miss Gwendolyn Strickland (sisteror the bride), Miss Marjorie Featherstonvaugh (niece of the bridegroom), Miss Lily Strickland, and Miss Edith Fletcher (cousins of the bride), and Miss Georgina Pennant. The Bishop of St. Alban's and the Rev. J. H. Ellison (Vicar of St. Gabriel's) officiated. Mr. Algernon Strickland gave his daughter away. The wedding party subsequently re-assembled at the residence of the bride's parents in Warwick-square, and later in the day Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Stanley Clarke left for Bournemouth.

NEW ZEALAND seems determined to keep the lead in securing advantages for women. That colony was the first British community to open university lectures and examinations to women, to grant them university degrees, to give seats on the university board. The first English lady B.A. was the daughter of an Auckland clergyman; the first lady M.A. was a native of the colony, and is now principal of the Girls' High School, Christchurch; while another lady M.A. sits on the council of Auckland University College, and she recently gave her vote in favour of retaining Professor Aldis. The New Zealand Government was the first to employ women in the telegraph department and to utilize them in the post-office. There are even young women compositors in the Government printing establishment and in several large business houses in the colony. And now both houses of the Legislature have passed a bill giving adult women the right to exercise the Parliamentary franchise; to this measure the Governor—Lord Glasgow—has just given his consent, it is therefore the law of the land. The result of this bold experiment will be watched keenly by English people in the colony and in the motherland.

ADDRESSES TO MR. DADABHAI NAOROJI, M.P.

AN extraordinary general meeting of the members of the Rahnumaye Mazdyasnan Sabha was held, on Thursday afternoon, at Mr. Pestonji N. Wadia's office, Church Gate Street. Mr. K. R. Kama, the President of the Association, was in the chair. The chairman explained the object of the meeting by stating that at a time when the different public bodies from the whole of the Presidency were vieing with each other in offering

CIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not 2 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No ...dvertisements are admitted under this Scale.

XMAS MUSIC.—Mirth! Merry-Making!! Dancing!!! Grand Bargains. Clearance SALE of a Consignment of English Musical Boxes and Airtons is offered at Half price. We offer them at this absurdly low price as the Goods must be cleared before the end of the present month.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

PAPER LAMP SHADES in the Prettiest Designs and Loveliest Tints for all kinds of Lamps, from 8 As. to Rs. 3.—LAMP WAREHOUSE, R. DITMAR, late Theodor Kramer, 69, Esplanade Road.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

A SELECTION of English OIL PAINTINGS will be ON VIEW, for a few Weeks only, at JOHN ROBERTS and Co.'s NEW PREMISES, No. 17, Hummum Street. An Inspection is Invited.

RELIABLE DOMESTIC SERVANTS. Fruit, Fish, Fruit, Ay, Ham, Bacon, Cheese, Hem!! the best to be had in Bombay. A treat for the gods. All good things provided for Christmas. We supplied the well-known and popular Caterer, Mr. H. Wutzler, during the Visit of H. R. H. the late Prince Albert Victor of Wales, H. I. H. the Czarewitch, H. R. H. Nicolaivitch, Este, Arch-Duke of Austria, and at the Annual Durbar of the Viceroy. Local and Up-country Orders receive our best and prompt attention. Remit money to cover a portion of the cost.—J. LEWIS & Co., 9, Military Square, Fort, Bombay.

FRESH CONSIGNEMENT, JAVA CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 at Rs. 24, 24, 2, and Rs. 1 12 per 100, respectively. These Cigars are manufactured of selected and thoroughly Matured Java and Dindigul Tobaccos. They are rarely equalled, but never excelled, and the facilities which are at our command enable us to offer them at Lower Rates than other firms.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., 33, Church, Gate Street, Fort, and 24, Abdool Rhaman Street, Crawford Market, Bombay. A Trial earnestly Solicited.

XMAS PRESENTATION TEAS! A New Selection of the Choicest and Best Teas from General YOUNGHUSBAND'S Celebrated Kanyara Tea Plantation, Kangra Valley. Come one, come all, to the Oldest and Largest Tea Emporium in Bombay.—MORTON MAJU & Co., 22, Church Gate Street.

OUTRIGHT SALE of China and Japanese Curiosities, by order of the Mortgagees, at Meadow Street, opposite the Oriental Bank, THIS DAY, at 1 P.M.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS, Esplanade, Bombay. Ready for Xmas and New Year Presents to Friends at Home.

MATHERAN RUGBY HOTEL, Matheran, is a First-class, comfortable, and most pleasantly situated Hotel on the Hill. Detached Bungalows available for families. Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Terms moderate.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.— I have been here on one, two or three occasions, and always found everything as it ought to be. The Proprietor is obliging, the servants respectful and willing; altogether the Hotel is a comfortable and good one. My friends Col. Hennessy, and General Bartleman have put up here with me likewise satisfied.—R. L. HENNESSY.

RIPON HOTEL, Mahableshwar.—Private Sitting Rooms for Single Ladies and Gentlemen as well as Married Couples. Visitors will do well to apply to the PROPRIETOR before making final arrangements elsewhere.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla,—Facing the Bombay Harbour. A favourite Resort for Visitors during the Hot Weather and after the Rains. Visitors to Poona, Nasik, Sakal Pathar, Lahugur and Visapur Forts and all other places of interest are supplied with Tongas, Ponies and other Requisites on short notice.—Apply to the PROPRIETOR."

VICTORIA for SALE.—In Good Condition, Owner has no further need of it.—Address "X. Y." care of this Office.

FOR SALE.—Infantry Officer's CHARGER, a handsome, very quiet, stands fire, goes in harness. A rak-ishing, 5 yrs. old, 15·2. Sold only because Owner is going on furlough.—Apply to "RIFLEMAN," care of this Office.

FOR SALE.—BOOTH'S PORTLAND CEMENT, ex. s. s. Rome, at Rs. 7-8 per Cask. Apply to WILLIAM WATSON and Co., Bombay.

BILLIARD TABLE,—WANTED, Full Size, on Hire, for Few Months. Address "H. R.," care of this Office.

SUN LIFE OFFICE OF INDIA.—Transacts Annuity, Accident Business. Terms favourable Premiums low. Profits large.—OFFICE, Esplanade Road Bombay.

ACME DUPLICATOR for Multiplying Copies from Manuscript, Music, &c., useful in every School, Workman, Rs. 15, Letter, Rs. 12. Note Rs. 8, complete—BLOOMFIELD and Co., 24, Medow Street, Bombay.

PORTABLE FOLDING WASHSTAND, consisting of Tripod Stand and Basin, Painted Grained Oak, most convenient for Camp purposes, Rs. 6-12. Cash only. V. P. P.—ADAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

FORMS OF POWER of ATTORNEY neatly printed, Duties Stamps. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co. Chuckla No. 6. First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the Pall Mall Budget size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage; English Subscription, 8s. 17 per year, including Postage.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates from Cadet always ready. Cakes of every description.—63, Meadows Street, Fort.

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NOTICE.

HER EXCELLENCY LADY HARRIS will hold a RECEPTION at GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MALABAR POINT, on MONDAY, 18th Instant, from 5 to 7 p.m.

All Civil and Military Officers and Gentlemen entitled to attend H. E. the Governor of Bombay's Levee are invited together with the Ladies of their families to attend the Reception. Morning Dress will be worn.

By Order,
E. H. COX, Captain,
A.-D.-C.-in-Waiting.

Government House, Malabar Point, 14th December, 1893.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY ASSOCIATION.

PUBLIC MEETING.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Inhabitants of Bombay will be held at the TOWN HALL, on SATURDAY next, the 16th inst., at 3 P.M., for the purpose of PRESENTING an ADDRESS of WELCOME to Mr. DADABHOY NOWROJI, M.P., on his arrival in this City for the first time after his Election as a Member of Parliament, and to present to him Addresses of Welcome from various parts of the Presidency.

Mr. Dadabhoy will next UNVEIL the PORTRAIT of Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit, Bart., late President of the Association.

DINSHAW EDULJI WACHA,
N. G. CHANDAVARKAR,
A. M. DHARAMSI,
Honorary Secretaries.

Bombay, 14th December, 1893.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS.
BY
SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
TO
H. E. the Marquess of Lansdowne, Viceroy and Governor-General in India.
H. E. Lord Roberts,
H. E. Lord Wenlock, Governor of Madras.

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Dadar, Bombay, 29th Nov., 1893.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, DEC. 15.

BUSINESS in Exports becomes, if anything, more depressed as the end of the year approaches, and our Produce markets have been dull again this week in sympathy with the course of the consuming markets on the other side, Cotton and Linseed having declined in value during several days, while Wheat has been taken to a very small extent by shippers. Exchange, after being weak and declining, has latterly been steadied again by telegraphic advices regarding the new East India Loan Bill, and by anticipations of the imposition of a duty on Silver; but rates still close this evening 1-32d. lower for Bank Paper and 1-16d. for Credits than they ruled last Friday evening. Government Paper has advanced, on the whole, 2-16 per cent. in Fours. A speculative demand for tonnage has caused rates of Freight to advance 6d. to 1s. per ton this week; but little enquiry has been felt from shippers. Supported by a strong mofussil demand, and the lightness of stocks, the Import Market has continued active; but prices of Manchester goods are generally unchanged.

MONEY.—The financial requirements for the Cotton crop, the principal monetary item at this season of the year, have been less than might have been expected, owing to late unseasonable weather having delayed the picking of the earlier growths; and the consequent superabundance of the funds laid down in this connection has continued, with other contributing circumstances to give unwonted ease to the Money Market. The Statement of the Presidency Bank issued on Monday however, while showing no change worth speaking of in the Cash Balance since the date of the last Return, at 33¾ lakhs, disclosed a slight increase in the trade demand for Money, in place of the large contraction in that direction which had been the principal feature in the Bank's Returns for several weeks past. The figures now under notice showed withdrawals to the extent of 8¾ lakhs from Private Deposits; and though, on the other hand, Loans and Bills Discounted had diminished—the latter considerably, and more than was the case in the week preceding—there was still a net increase in trade requirements, of about three-quarters of a lakh. There were additions to Public Deposits at the Bank's head office and branches last week aggregating over 11 lakhs; but these were nearly counterbalanced by an increase in Government Securities, and in the balances in the hands of other Banks. No change has been made in the Presidency Bank's rates this week, and the minimum remains at 4 per cent.

EXCHANGE, as usual on a mail-day, was very quiet last Saturday, with nothing of consequence reported either way. Rates opened at 1s. 3 1-8d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and 1s. 3 5-16d. for three months' sight Credits for December-January delivery; and an enquiry springing up for some ready Telegraphic the rate receded to 1s. 3 3-32d., at which there were no takers. The market opened again with a quiet feeling on Monday, at Saturday's closing rates of 1s. 3 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 1-8d. Demand, and at 1s. 3 5-16d. for three months' sight Credits, ready and forward. With a fair amount of Silver sales, laying down Money cheaper than the rates above quoted, and a fair sum of both Bank and Private Telegraphic being reported, the market was even quieter than on Saturday, Merchants' Bills still remaining scarce for any delivery. On Tuesday the market opened weak at 1s. 3 1-16d. for Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 3-32d. for Demand, and at 1s. 3 9-32d. for three months' sight Credits, and a keen demand for Bank remittance springing up combined with a continued enquiry for Silver, and Export Bills still remaining scarce, rates receded again to 1s. 3d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 1-16d. Demand, three months' sight Credits being quoted at 1s. 3¼d. for ready and forward business, and the market closing weak. It opened with the same feeling on Wednesday at 1s. 3d. for Bank Demand, and 1s. 3 3-16d. for three months' sight Credits, for December delivery, and 1s. 3 7-32d. for next year, a few Bills having been placed into next year, at 1s. 3 3-16d.; but, at the close, things steadied a little on receipt of later advices from Calcutta, and this rate was not obtainable beyond this month. Bank Telegraphic was available, for present transfer, at 1s. 3 1-32d., rumours of an impending duty on Silver having been current in Calcutta and London and the market closed steadier in consequence. Yesterday the market was steady at opening, at 1s. 3d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 1-32d. for Demand ready, and 1s. 3 1-32d. for January Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 1-16d. later, without, however, eliciting much enquiry at any of these rates; and for three months' sight Credits, the rates were 1s. 3 7-32d. for December-January, and 1s. 3¼d. later, a moderate amount, however, having been placed for the mail at 1s. 3 3-16d. In the afternoon rates were a shade firmer for immediate delivery, telegraphic news from home regarding the further grant of 10 millions, combined with the recommendation of an import duty on Silver having had a steadying effect on the market. A steadier feeling prevailed again this morning at 1s. 3 1-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 1-16d. Demand, and 1s. 3 7-32d. for three months' sight Credits, for December delivery, and 1s. 3¼d. next year; but later on advices from Calcutta coming of a firmer tenor at an advance of 1-16d. on yesterday's rates, quotations here advanced also to the extent of 1-32d., but with little or no enquiry. A few near Merchants' Bills were placed at 1s. 3 7-32d., and at 1s. 3¼d., up to April; but at close, 1s. 3¼d. and 1s. 3 9-32d., respectively, were the best rates obtainable, and in the absence of any fresh Silver business being reported to-day the market closed steady as follows, forward Bank remittance being quoted at 1s. 3 3-32d., for Telegraphic, and 1s. 3¼d. for Demand; and Credits at 1s. 3 9-32d. for Sterling, and 1·60¾ for Francs.

Bank Bills on Demand			1s. 3 3-32d.
Do.	Telegraphic		1s. 3 1-16d.
Do.	3 months' sight		1s. 3 5-32d.
Do.	4	do.	1s. 3 7-32d.
Do.	6	do.	1s. 3 9-32d.
Credits	3	do.	1s. 3 ¼d.
Do.	6	do.	1s. 3 3-8d.
Documents	3 months' sight		1s. 3 9-32d.
Do.	6	do.	1s. 3 13-32d.
Francs	3 months' sight		160¾
Do.	6	do.	161¼

GOVERNMENT PAPER was steady throughout the day last Saturday at a slight decline from our last weekly quotations for Fours, and closing in the evening on the same level, say 105¾ for Money, and 105 1/8 for Account. The price of the new 3½ per lent. Loan receded to 98 5-8. On Monday the market opened with a firmer feeling at 105 3-8 for Fours for cash, and 105¾ for the early January account, but the feeling afterwards became quieter at a decline of 1-8 per cent. in Fours in both positions, but rates afterwards recovered and closed as they had opened. The price of the new 3½ per cent. Loan advanced to 98¾. The tone was weak at opening on Tuesday, at 105 5-16 for Money and 105 1-8 for Account, and the market remained week, one of the Presidency Banks having sold for Money, at 105 1-8. This reduction was not recovered, and rates, after being quoted for a time at 105-3-16 for cash and 105 for the settlement left off at 105¼ and 105 1-16 in the two position, respectively. The price of the new 3½ per cent. Loan advanced to 99. On the following day the market was steady at a slight partial decline on Tuesday evening's quotations for Fours, 105 3-16 for Money, and 105 1-16 for Account having been quoted in the morning; but later on, business was booked for the settlement at 105 1/8, and the market closed steady at 105¼ for cash, and 105 1-8 for the early January account; the price of 3½ per Cents having remained at 99. Yesterday, the feeling was steady throughout the day at 105 3-8 for Fours for cash, and 105 3-16 for the next settlement; but at the close, the tone was rather weaker, and slightly lower rates were quoted, the price for Money leaving off at 1s. 3 5-16d. The new 3½ per cent. Loan receded to 98 7-8 again. Today the market has been dull; but rates for Fours have been maintained at 105 3-8 for Money, and 105 3-16 for account, at which they left off; 99 being the closing quotation for the new 3½ per Cents.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is 1 per cent. lower, at 118. Port Trust Bonds are unchanged at 105.

SHARES have again been a quiet market throughout the week, with nothing doing on some days in Cotton Mill and Press shares, and little on others; but on the whole, we have to note the following changes in that and other Scrip compared with our quotations of last Friday evening:—Sholapore Mill shares have advanced Rs. 70 per share; Swadeshi, Rs. 15; Framji Petit, James Greaves, and Hyderabad, Rs. 10 each; David, Oriental, and New Great Eastern Rs. 5 each; and Luckmidas Rs. 2½; while on the other hand, Victoria have declined Rs. 20; Hindustan, Rs. 15; Jaffer Ali, Khatao Mucconji, and Presidency, Rs. 10 each; and Soonderdas, Indian Manufacturing, and Queen Rs. 5 each. In Press shares, Scinde and Punjab have advanced Rs. 75; Volkarts, Rs. 20; Prince of Wales, Rs. 5; Broach City, Rs. 2½; and New Indian, Rs. 1½; but Apollo have declined Rs. 40; East India, Rs. 15; Bombay Cotton, Rs. 10; and Mercantile Rs. 2½. In Miscellaneous shares Bombay-Burma Trading have advanced Rs. 75 for the first issue; Bombay Flour Mills are Rs. 25 higher; and Delhi and Northern Flour Rs. 2; Treacher and Co. have advanced Rs. 10; and John Roberts at Rs. 5. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 15 higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Up-country buyers have continued to operate freely in staple *Grey Goods*, and business in the Bazaar has continued to be upon the considerable scale, which has been noticeable for some time past. Prices, however, have not shown any further movement, and holders are selling at fully current rates. Stocks are in the same position as before. A good demand has continued to prevail for *Bleached*, *Dyed*, *Turkey-Red*, and *Printed Goods* on the basis of previous rates. Delhi and Cawnpore buyers of *Locally-made Goods* are less in the market than they have been; but the paucity of supplies causes prices to be maintained. The Clearances of *Imported Goods* for the week have aggregated some 7,000 packages; and *Local*, about 2,000 balés.

YARNS.—The market for *Imported Twist* has been quiet in tone, and with only a small business passing; but prices are all unchanged. Sales of *Bombay Spinnings* in China for the week ending last Monday were 4,400 bales; and Exchange on Bombay at Rs. 185. Spinners here are selling freely at current rates, and China buyers have been taking moderate lots. The week's Sales are put down at 1,500 bales; and the market closed steady at the following official quotations.

Twist...	... No. 6s	Mule As.	4½ to 4 5/8	per lb.
"	... " 8s	"	4 5/8 " 4¾	"
"	... " 10s	"	4 7/8 " 5 1/8	"
"	... " 12s	"	5 " 5¼	"
"	... " 16s	"	5 5/8 " 5 7/8	"
"	... " 20s	"	5 7/8 " 6¼	"
"	... " 24s	"	6¼ " 6 5/8	"
"	... " 30s	"	6¾ " 7¼	"
"	... " 40s	"	8 " 8¼	"

METALS.—Following the advance at the other side reported by wire, *Copper* has advanced 12 annas per cwt. in a firm market; but only a moderate business has transpired. *Yellow Metal* on the other hand has been active, transactions having been upon a large scale during the week, and the market having been closing at an advance of Re. 1¼ per cwt. *Iron* has been steady at previous rates, only moderate business having been reported.

COAL.—The market for this mineral has been strong as usual again this week, December-January shipment of Powell's Duffryn having been sold at Rs. 20½; and December shipment at Rs. 21¼ per ton. Ready Davison's is selling at Rs. 19 per ton. On the Bunder, Powell's and Davison's are selling at Rs. 24, and Rs. 19 per ton, respectively. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	Rs.	(nil)
West Do.	" 19	per ton.
Australian	"	(nil)
Powell's Duffryn	" 22½	per ton.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—In sympathy with falling markets in Liverpool and New York, consequent upon heavy arrivals at the United States Ports, this staple has been quiet or dull in tone during the greater part of the week under reviews with business, both for export and on account of local spinners, upon a small scale, and with prices declining a little almost daily until yesterday, when the feeling became steady and apart of the previous fall in rates was recovered, but no increase took place in the volume of business passing. Transactions by exporters for the week sum up about 3,500 bales, chiefly in ready new Bengals, and Oomrawuttee descriptions, but including some contracts for the former growth, for this month's delivery; while the Mills have taken some 5,000 bales of old and ready new Oomra kinds, and old Dholleras and Bbownugger. This afternoon, the market closed quiet, with prices Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per candy lower, compared with last Friday evening's quotations.

The Receipts of Cotton of the new crop during the week have been 28,500 bales, compared with 20,500 bales arrived in the week preceding and 26,500 bales in the corresponding week last year; and the arrivals of new Cotton to date show an increase of 7,500 bales as against those last year in the same time.

The official telegrams from the Cotton-growing districts received at the beginning of the week reported bright, seasonable weather, with no sign of further rain over the whole of the area. Cotton was still arriving in only small quantities in the Bengal and Oomrawattee circles; at Broach, the mornings were cold and dewy, and the plants flourishing and showing bolls; while in all the districts of the Dhollera circle the plants were in the same favourable condition, the bolls ripening rapidly at Bhownugger, in which district picking of the first sowing had partially begun.

The news received by wire from the districts yesterday morning confirmed Monday's telegrams, and advised a continuance of favourable weather in all the Cotton circles, though the arrivals at the district marts in the Bengal and Oomrawuttee circles were still upon a small scale.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal without commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per candy	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal Fine (January)	"	183—3 19-32d.
Do. F. G.	"	186—3¼
Do. Good	"	156—3 1-16d.
Bolaico, Fine	"	186—3¼d.
Do. Fully Good	"	176—3 7-16d.
Khandeish, Fully Good,	"	178—3 15-32d.
Broach Fine March	"	216—4 3-16d.
Do. Good	"	213—4d.
Dhollera Fine April May	"	201—3 29-32d.
Do. F. G.	"	192—3¾d.
Do. Good	"	186—3 21-32d.
Omras F. Good January	"	190—3 11-16d.
S G Dharwar Good May	"	191—3 23-32d.
Westerns	"	182—3 9-16d.

The arrivals of new crop Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1893-94. F. P. Bales.	Season 1892-93. F. P. Bales.
Bengals	32,000	19,500
Berar	24,500	19,500
Khandeish	29,300	38,300
Hinguaghat	700	1,800
	86,500	79,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1893. Bales.	1892. Bales.	1891. Bales.
For the Week	28,270	20,250	3,946
From 1st Jan. to 14th December	1,676,540	1,735,421	1,305,172
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	20,220	3,519	1,773
From 1st Jan. to 14th December	838,793	922,617	1,017,337
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the Week	1626	2,997	1,394
From 1st Jan. to 14th December	156,790	164,339	156,397

WHEAT has remained a quiet market with business for export upon a small scale throughout the week, and at some decline in prices. We quote:—

White Pessy 91 per cent.	Rs. 3-13-6	per cwt.
Do. 85	" 3-11-6	"
No. 1 Club Delhi	" 3-13-6	"
Red Delhi	" 3-10-0	"
Hard Yellow	" 4-2-0	"
Red Ahmedabad	" 3-10-6	"
Hard Red	" 3- 8-6	"

SEEDS also have been taken to only a small extent by shippers, and the market has been quiet when not actually dull while prices of *Linseed* have declined half an anna or an anna per cwt., almost daily. Our closing quotations this evening are:—

Linseed	Rs. 7-8-0 to 7-11-0	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Gunerat...	" 6-10-0 to 6-11-0	"
Do. do. Cawnpore.	" 6-4-0 to 6-6-0	"
Do. Red do. ...	" 6-0-0 to 6-2-0	"
Gingelly, White	" 41-0-0 to 41-8-0	per cdy.
Do. Mixed	" 39-0-0 to 40-0-0	"

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.
Wheat for the Week	151,449	135,067	381,956
do. from 1st Jan. to 14th December	6,693,666	10,170,618	15,225,074
Linseed for the Week	61,955	35,811	47,763
do. from 1st Jan. to 14th December	4,291,130	3,847,037	4,767,217
Rapeseed for the Week	32,063	18,923	3,038
do. from 1st Jan. to 14th December	4,271,901	1,819,056	1,437,290
Gingellyseed for the Week	94,310	76,667	80,514
do. from 1st Jan. to 14th December	1,544,215	1,346,145	1,248,725

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.
Wheat for the Week	65,992	65,816	232,143
do. from 1st Jan. to 14th December	4,901,200	9,161,195	12,879,095
Linseed for the Week	159,180	5,003	112,379
do. from 1st Jan. to 14th December	4,262,386	3,640,639	4,678,947
Rapeseed for the Week	130,654	480	30,019
do. from 1st Jan. to 14th December	4,254,623	1,663,184	1,461,849
Gingellyseed for the week	139,075	13,451	19,846
do. from 1st Jan. to 14th December	1,457,982	1,072,116	1,098,924

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURS

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1893.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE HOUSE TO SIT AFTER CHRISTMAS.

DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

LONDON, Dec. 15.

In the Commons, last night, Mr. Gladstone announced that the House would adjourn on the 22nd instant, and re-assemble on the 27th instant.

Sir John Dorington thereupon moved that the House adjourn as a protest against the prolonged session and the general conduct of business.

Mr. Gladstone said the Government were determined to proceed with the Parish Councils Bill, and would adhere to their programme.

A heated debate followed but the motion was ultimately rejected by a majority of fifty votes.

THE EAST INDIA LOAN BILL.

In the House of Lords Lord Kimberly said it would be necessary to pass the East India Loan Bill before Christmas.

THE TROOPSHIP MALABAR.

The troopship Malabar left Malta, on Wednesday, after completing her repairs, but again was obliged to return owing to some faulty working of her machinery.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, Dec. 14.

The s. s. Shannon, with the homeward Indian mails of the 9th instant, arrived at Aden, at 8-30 a.m., on Thursday.

THE GODHRA-RUTLAM RAILWAY.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 15.

It is expected that the Godhra-Rutlam broad gauge railway will be opened by next summer, as to what work on the eastern section is steadily proceeding towards completion.

RIFLE MEETING FOR IMPERIAL SERVICE TROOPS.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has consented to become the patron of the Rifle Meeting for Imperial Service Troops at Meerut, and has presented a medal for Cavalry Championship. The meeting will probably be held during the first week in March.

THE MAHARAJAH OF COOCH BEHAR'S PONY CARLTON.

The Maharaja of Cooch Behar's Arab Pony Carlton, which has such a good record on the Bombay side, has been scratched for all races. It was entered for at Calcutta. His first appearance in public will probably be in the Civil Service Cup.

THE TENANCY BILL.

The Madras Government have forwarded to the Government of India their Tenancy Bill, designed to protect the interests of the ryots, and follows *longo intervallo* the Bengal Tenancy Act. Reference has been necessary on technical points, as some provisions of the Bill will affect the Imperial Acts already in existence.

NEW RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The Government of India have sanctioned the new time table on the East Indian and Oudh and Rohilkhand, and the North-Western Railways as arranged at the Umballa Conference in October. The new timing will come into operation on January, but it has only been accepted as a temporary arrangement, pending the completion of work of strengthening the bridges on the line between Umballa and Lahore. This work will be finished within the next few months, and a greater rate of speed will then be possible beyond Umballa.

PROVINCIAL REPORTS ON THE COW-KILLING DISTURBANCES.

Provincial reports regarding the cow-protection disturbances are still being forwarded as received to the Secretary of State, but a comprehensive dispatch on the subject by the Government of India has not yet been sent Home.

The Viceroy's speech at Agra may, however, be taken as an exact indication of the line of policy likely to be taken by the Government.

DISPATCH ON THE DURAND MISSION.

Another important dispatch which Lord Lansdowne will have to send before he leaves India will be the summary of the results of the Durand Mission to Kabul.

THE BEHAR CADASTRAL SURVEY.

No further development in the Behar Cadastral Survey controversy is likely to be made until the Conference in Calcutta meets on the Maintenance of Land Records. This Conference will deal primarily with the system applicable to Upper India and the Central Provinces, but Bengal will also be represented upon it, and the system best suited to Behar and the Lower Provinces will be discussed.

AN ENGINEER OFFICER FOR THE STRAITS GOVERNMENT.

The Governor of the Straits Settlements has recently applied to the Government of India for the services of an engineer officer to examine the report upon the irrigation scheme for Perak.

Mr. Claude Vincent, of the Secretariat, has been nominated for this work. He will proceed to Perak early in January. He will be succeeded as Under-Secretary in the irrigation branch by Mr. N. W. Mackenzie, N.-W. P., Meerut.

BENGAL PRESIDENCY RIFLE ASSOCIATION MEETING.

The Fourteenth Central Meeting of the Bengal Presidency Rifle Association opened to-day in splendid weather. Thanks to the admirable arrangement by Major Irwin, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry and the local secretary. Everything was in perfect working order. There was not a hitch throughout the day. There are forty-two targets on the main ranges, Diana targets, running deer, and five revolver ranges The number of competitors is about the same as in former years, being about 250 British and 250 Native. A large number of ranges has been added with Captain Dobbie's system of marking [illegible] meeting with unqualified approval. [illegible] great labour and fatigue in [illegible] tion is a proposition book [illegible] to enter suggestions. [illegible] n put forward, [illegible] and reduced [illegible] st is felt in [illegible] al, where the [illegible] have met in [illegible]

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ARRIVAL OF THE MAHARAJAH OF MYSORE AT POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 15.

His Highness the Maharajah of Mysore, G.C.S.I., arrived in Poona, this morning, by special train from Mysore. The train arrived on the Southern Mahratta Railway platform shortly after 10 a.m. The Maharajah was received on the platform by the Hon. Mr. Crowe, C.S., District and Sessions Judge, and Agent for the Sirdars of the Deccan; Mr. Plunkett, City Magistrate, representing the Collector who is on tour. Among those present were Sirdar Khan Bahadoor Dr. Dastoor Hooshang Jamaspji, Mr. Dorabji Dadabhoy Bootee, Mr. Bhave, Mr. L. Shenday, Mr. Balcrishna Sayana, and a number of students from Mysore at present studying in the College of Science. The Maharaja's party comprises of H. H. the Maharani and family; Colonel Campbell, Private Secretary; Major Martin, Surgeon-Major Benson, Mr. Whiteley and Mrs. Whiteley; Miss Campbell, Mr. Narasimha Iyengar, Mr. Basapaji, Dr. Hummorsingh, and numerous followers. A carpet with sofas and chairs was placed on the platform. After being introduced to some of those present, his Highness and the Hon. Mr. Crowe took their seats on a gilt sofa. The agent of H. H. Aga Khan, at whose bungalow the Maharaja is staying, decorated the principal members of the party with garlands. His Highness crossed over the platform, and at the entrance a guard-of-honour, consisting of 100 rank and file of the 25th Bombay Infantry with Band, under the command of Subedar Rupawala presented arms, and accompanied by the Hon. Mr. Crowe and Colonel Campbell his Highness drove off. Over the entrance to H. H. Aga Khan's bungalow was an arch beautifully decorated, and bearing the inscription "Welcome to H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore." Mr Priestley, Inspector of Police, and Mr. Duggan, Superintendent of Police, S. M. R., were in charge of the train. The arrangements at the railway station were satisfactorily carried out by Mr Haller, Station Master, and Mr Saunders, Assistant Station Master.

H. H. the Maharaja proceeds to Bombay in a few days.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

Lieutenant Walpole, on being relieved of the charge of the Karachi Division, Military Works, by Captain Dixon will rejoin the Bombay Dockyard Division, Military Works.

The dates of the assembly of the classes at the Poona Central Army Signalling School, 1894, will be as follows:—1st class, 19th February; and 2nd class, 30th April.

Under instructions from Horse Guards War Office it is notified that exchange of batteries has been sanctioned between Lieutenant Waddington, 27th Field Battery and Lieutenant Steuart, 38th Field Battery.

Surgeon-Colonel Davis, Principal Medical Officer, Mhow District, having completed his tour of service, is directed to return to England.

Lieutenant Courtenay, 59th Field Battery, is directed to proceed from Neemuch to England on his transfer to Depot Field Artillery.

The undermentioned Officer has been granted leave of absence by his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief, 2nd Yorkshire Light Infantry.

Lieutenant Dowdall has been permitted to remain in England from 14th November, 1893, to 16th March, 1894, on medical certificate, on extension.

THE PRABHAS-PATAN RIOTS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

JUNAGADH, Dec. 15.

The cross-examination of Abdul Rehman by the prosecution continued to-day. They called Jivangar Surajdeval Bava who witnessed the fighting near the quarries. Shevalal and Vishvanath also were examined. They witnessed the fighting and recognised seven of the accused there. At the close of Vishvanath's evidence the Public Prosecutor applied for the discharge of Abdalgani an accused as there was no evidence against him. Lakhmichand Khimchand's father gave evidence of the place and condition in which Khimchand's body was found. The Public Prosecutor summed up the evidence, and the enquiry concluded at half-past seven. The Magistrate intimated that he would give orders on the 21st inst.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 14.

The Hall Line steamer Kirby Hall left here this morning.

TRINCOMALEE, Dec. 14.

H. M. S. Boadicea, Brisk, and Redbreast sailed for Calcutta.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 14.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera	3 11-16

The Manchester Market has been steady.

2½ per cent. Consols	98 1-8
3 per cent. Rentes	99
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	65 7-16
Bar Silver	32

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £25,900,000, increase £200,000; public deposits, £3,900,000; increase £100,000; other deposits, £28,400,000; increase £400,000; other securities, £23,900,000; increase £300,000; notes and gold, £17,200,000; increase £400,000. The Bank's Reserve is 53 per cent. of the Liabilities.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. & O. Co.'s s. s. Carthage, Captain M. de Horne, will sail to-day, for London, Brindisi, Ismailia, and Aden with the English mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Miss Parker
Mr Burt
Miss Arden
Mrs J L Parker
Mrs Bowman

Mr Morf
Mr F Carr
Sir Wm and Lady Lockhart
H H the Maharajah Gaikwar
H H the Rance of Baroda
Major William Johnson

Mr and Mrs J C Shaw
Dr and Mrs Lodlo and infant
Mrs Thom and infant
Mr H C E Lee
Mr W Howard

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Abas Trabjee and wife
Two Officers
Dr Hojel
Lieut G E Luard
Surgn-Major G E Noding
Col Webster
Mr F M Mitchell

FOR ISMAILIA.

Dr and Mrs Berry and 2 children
Mr Berry Jr
Miss Berry
Mr Carr
Miss Myer
Miss Doo

Two Misses Forrost
Count Bismarck
Mr L Stangon
Col Baron Korff
Capt Buesgen
Mr Gumbel
Capt King

FOR ADEN.—Capt J C Francis.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

DECEMBER 14.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, interrupted. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

Telegrams in plain language may be accepted for Brazil.

Traffic for French Guiana should only be accepted via North America, during the interruption of the Cayenne-Vizen cable.

Singapore Saigon cable restored.

Haiphong Hongkong cable interrupted.

Turkish route interrupts between Salahi and Bagdad.

Moulmein route to Siam interrupted beyond Indian frontier.

Cable San Domingo Martinique interrupted. This closes the Key West Haiti route to points south of San Domingo.

Mail for Hongkong leaves Singapore 8 a.m, to-morrow.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay, from the United Kingdom, during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 15th December, 1893.

(Difference in longitude allowed for)

Via.	Latest Date. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	15	2	21 p.m.	..	39
Teheran	15	2	55 p.m.	..	2
Suez	15	2		..	

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay, during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m., on 15th December, 1893.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	..	35	..	1
" Kurrachee	..	13	..	1
" Madras	..	55	..	1

It is remarkable, observes a London journal, that in a period like the present, when the utmost ingenuity is exercised by the average Briton to amuse himself with sport and pastime, falconry remains almost a dead letter among us, though it is sport combining healthy exercise on horse back with skill in venery. The training of the bird of prey to hunt its quarry at the behest of man has the same elements in it as the training of horses and hounds in hunting the fox, or the training of setter or retriever in connection with shooting game. With regard to the sentimental outcry nowadays is raised against most forms of sport, hawking would escape with far less codemnation than the shooting of pigeons as now practised. As far as we know the Hereditary Grand Falconer of England, the Duke of St. Albans, is not much addicted to the pursuits appertaining to his office, but Lord Lilford and a few others still keep up the ancient practice. The mysterious jargon of the craft, and the precise meanings of jess, brail, baggard, and other technical terms are not at present so familiar to the average Briton as mashy, driver, cleek, bunker, foosle, and such-like wonderful shibboleth of the game which at present rages in our midst; but it is quite possible the changing of fashion's wheel may some day revive the more picturesque amusement.

A WOMAN OF SOME IMPORTANCE.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Frederika Macdonald is known to many Anglo-Indians through her husband, Mr. John Macdonald, a former editor of the *Pioneer* and *The Civil and Military Gazette*. But she is also, in her own right of interest to Indian people, not only as granddaughter of Lieutenant-General Boye, for forty-two years intimately connected with Indian affairs, and as daughter of Doctor Frederick Austin Richardson, who lost his life of cholera while attached to his regiment in India, but as the author of "Iliads of the East" and other works dealing with life in our Indian Empire in its various aspects, its picturesque outward simplicity, and its strange interior mysticism. It was probably her early intimacy of ideas with the East through her father and grandfather's association with India, that guided Frederika Richardson's thoughts and tastes while still in her teens to the study of Oriental literature, with the result that before she was twenty years of age, her first book "The Iliad of the East" was published by Macmillan. At an age when other young girls have hardly thrown by their last doll to write their first novelette, Miss Frederika Richardson had made her name known as a thoughtful exponent of the wisdom of the East. "My Iliads caused a good deal of talk at the time they appeared," Mrs. Macdonald says with natural pride in her girlish precocity. "But I was Frederika Richardson then, and now people do not recognise me as the author; for I did not follow up my success immediately with other literary efforts. I married and went to India, and babies, housekeeping, and such things swallowed up my time altogether. When my children were a little older, I took up writing again and had great success with a story book "Puck and Pearl—The Wanderings and Wonderings of Two English Children in India," published by Chapman and Hall. It is mostly reminiscences of my boy and girl's childhood intermingled with their ayah's quaint superstitions and legends from the Hindu mythology—a simple little thing, written merely to amuse my children and keep up their recollection of their early Indian experiences. But it is of no importance in comparison with my Iliad or the subject on which I am engaged at present—the *expose* of the superficial acquaintance with Eastern literature and mysticism shown by Madame Blavatsky and her disciples."

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It was as long ago as May 1883 that Mrs. Macdonald took up the cudgels against Theosophy as propounded by Madame Blavatsky. At the request of Mr. Escott, editor of the "Fortnightly Review," she wrote an article in that paper under the title of "Buddhism and Mock Buddhism," which attracted considerable attention. But it was not till Mrs. Annie Besant, out of her strong religious convictions, which in turn made her a protestant, a ritualist, a materialist, an atheist, espoused Theosophy, and preached it from pulpit and platform, that Mrs. Frederika Macdonald with her longer and more intimate acquaintance with the literature and wisdom of the East, stood up in public to protest against the doctrines of Madame Blavatsky's followers.

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To us, journalists, who are obliged through stress of time to give little thought to matters abstruse or controversial, and who must accept our religion like our costumes ready-made, making as little of small differences of form, as of the cut of a lappel or the set of a cuff, so that the foundation and materials are sound and serviceable, it may seem strange that two good and clever women should spend their time arguing points so high above the heads not only of the masses, but the great majority of thinkers. But all the more because it is a strange and a new development of women's faculties it is interesting to the public, who flocked in their thousands to St. James's Hall, Piccadilly, to hear the discussion on "Theosophy and Buddhism" between Mrs. Frederika Macdonald and Mrs. Annie Besant.

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It was in the latter end of June, this year, that the ladies engaged in their Theosophic duel. The chair was occupied by Mr. Rhys Davids. The conditions agreed upon were that the debate should be upon the following propositions:—1. That Theosophy while professing to serve modern spiritual needs is working against the modern spirit and for superstitions. 2. That Theosophy is doing this under the mask of Indian philosophy, and especially under the mask of Buddhism, whereas Theosophy represents correctly no system of Indian Philosophy, and has its starting-point and goals in aims and principles opposed to Buddhism."

***

The *Daily Chronicle's* report of a lecture at South Place Chapel gives Mrs. Frederika Macdonald's reasons for her attitude of opposition to the so-called "Wisdom Religion." She said that the only possible ground on which any new religion could claim in the present day to supersede Christianity must be the assumption that this new religion suited modern ideas of intellectual freedom and the humanizing of life better than Christianity; that it fulfilled all the spritual requirements of our own day more satisfactorily than Christianity did. Otherwise, surely there could be nothing more irrational on the part of modern men and women than to exchange their own venerable supernatural creed, which was so interwoven with their historic and poetic memories, and had such indelible claims upon their tenderness by reason of its long association in the past with the heroic and human efforts of many noble lives—nothing could be more irrational than to exchange this for a bran-new supernatural creed which had none of the endearing associations that clung to the old faith.

***

Describing Mrs. Macdonald's part in the St. James's Hall debate the *Globe* says:—The first lady in England to denounce publicly the unwisdom of "the Wisdom Religion" made a powerful onslaught on Theosophy. She was exceedingly humorous over the "occult phenomena" and taunted the Mahatmas with lurking in Eastern tombs and living beyond the sphere of human influence. There was a distinct touch of humour in her remark that at all events the Mahatmas are very selfish people, having found out a wonderful method of sending telegrams without paying for them, of travelling long journeys without buying a ticket, and of reading other people's thoughts, they keep the secret to themselves instead of giving it to the world like the inventors of the telegraph and telephone. This sally at once put her on good terms with her audience; and though at the start Mrs. Besant had by far the most supporters in the hall, as the debate proceeded Mrs. Macdonald seemed to make friends, and at the finish, according to the *Pall Mall Gazette* there was little to choose between the combatants, so far as the applause of the audience went.

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Mrs. Macdonald is now carrying the war against Theosophy into the provinces. At the National Secular Society Hall, Leicester, she spoke lately to a large and appreciative audience on "Theosophy or the Renaissance of Superstition," and next month she will arouse the thinkers of North Britain to her view of the position. "I have not Mrs. Besant's advantages to draw an audience," Mrs. Macdonald says with mock plaintiveness. "I have not her background of romance, nor the halo of the lawcourts to make me interesting. But I know my subject thoroughly, and I speak from my heart—indeed, I could not lecture on any subject in which I did not believe, so I hope I shall succeed. It is the want of this thoroughness, which she has herself, that makes Mrs. Macdonald such an enemy of the apostles of the gospel accordingly to Madame Blavatskey, and she gives an instance which points decidedly to the fact that Mrs. Besant as well as the others at least once allowed a very superficial knowledge of the Eastern wisdom from which she professes to draw her inspiration. The story is too good to be bidden away among the archives of the Mahatmas. When Mr. Moncure Conway was compiling an anthology of the wise sayings of the East he borrowed the following, without acknowledgment, from Frederika Richardson, now Mrs. Macdonald's "Iliad of the East."

"Virtue is a service man owes himself, and though there were no Heaven, nor any God to rule the World, it were not less the binding law of life. It is a man's privilege to know the Right and follow it. Betray and persecute me, Brother Men! Pour out your rage on me, O malignant devils! Smile or watch my agony with cold disdain, Ye blissful gods! Earth, Hell, and Heaven, combine your might to crush me—I will still hold fast by this Inheritance! My strength is nothing—time can shake and cripple it; my youth is transient—already grief has withered up my days; my heart.—Alas! It seems well nigh broken now—Anguish may crush it utterly and life may fail; but even so my soul, that has not tripped, shall triumph, and dying give the lie to the soul-less destiny, that dares to boast itself man's master."

When Mrs. Besant had joined the ranks of the Theosophists and taken up the pen to uphold Eastern wisdom against Western foolishness, she came upon this paragraph of Mrs. Macdonald's among the sayings of Eastern sages garnered into his anthology by Mr. Moncure Conway; and recognizing its beauty she quoted it in *Lucifer*, the organ of the Theosophists, asking if any of the readers could enlighten her as to the author.

***

Then came Mrs. MacDonald's chance and she took it. What manner of woman, some of you will ask, is this who has the courage to set herself up against so strong an alliance as the Theosophists? Mrs. MacDonald is a little woman, but you carry away an idea of her dignity and importance. She is about the middle age, with a bright open face, and a manner that would be impetuous if it were not toned by wisdom and experience. When she talks of theosophy, she talks very fast, and it would take not only a shorthand writer, but a shorthand thinker to follow her. This amazing fluency suggests that Mrs. Macdonald has inherited something French from her grandfather, Lieutenant-General Boye. But no she says, she is pure English born in Exeter, and in spite of her Anglo-British eloquence and the grandfather with the accent *aigu*, we must believe her.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, Nov, 24.

On the duty of supporting the town, a correspondent suggests that there are limits to patriotism and patience; that it is really impossible to pay twopence for a parcel of bad needles, when a penny is the price in London for a parcel of good needles; that the local shops only keep rubbish, and that the climax is reached when the local grocer, having to administer a mustard poultice to his wife, sends to borrow some, because what he sells is no good enough! This does seem a confession of weakness on the part of Monsieur L'Epicier. But is it not also a charge against the local gentry that they support him so badly that he cannot afford to keep good things? If no one buys his wares, how can the poor man be expected to keep a better stock? I remember a lady in a country town apologising for her tea; she said that they thought it right to buy of the local man, and that she was gradually educating his taste. At the present moment the agricultural depression effects the local tradesman as much as it effects the squire. Let us remember this and stand by him as much as we can.

More thwacks. I am like the Barber in the Shaving of Shagpat. I shall never be allowed to forget the simple truth I have enunciated by reason of the thwacks that followed. I am like the schoolboy who was flogged for being right, which so rubbed in the true doctrine that he afterwards became an illustrious martyr, and was joyfully burned at the stake. This time it comes from America—from the *American Woman's Illustrated World*. I am said to be "defying us women boldly" No—no—no! Heaven help the wretched man who would defy woman, boldly or timidly! Also, my sentiments are said to be summed up in the following: "Get thee back to thy knitting-needle, Susan. Fie upon thee, woman! Thy wash-tub needs thee." Susan, who is a lady deeply respected by me, knows perfectly well that such are not my sentiments. But what is it—I ask this quite seriously—what is the reason why a certain kind of woman becomes so madly wrathful as to lose the command of simple truth—not to speak of manners—when anyone points out the obvious fact that the woman who takes a man's work and place sends that man away, deprives some woman of a husband, and destroys a possible family? Is this true, or is it not? There is only a certain amount of work to be done in this island—say, enough of the kind commonly assigned to men to employ *x* men. Their places are taken from *y* men by *y* women. Therefore there are *x*—*y* men employed, and only *x*—*y* men, instead of *x* men, who can marry. My dear Susan, I have the greatest respect for your accomplishments and your ambitions. I have no desire to see you knitting. I know that you could not wash, if you tried. Only reflect. For your own sake, as well your sisters', don't—don't drive the men away. As for the deplorable lowering of pay, which invariably follows, that, I suppose is a factor which may be neglected.

My American scarifier, who closely resembles Lady Balaam, goes on to agree with me altogether, not only in the very next column, but also on another page. For she speaks of marriage as the "highest and best destiny for women." Very good. My position all along.

She makes, however, a strong point, and one that we have not sufficiently considered, in pointing out that we have taken from women nine-tenths of the old household work which formerly employed so many. Read what she says, making allowance for the little pretty exaggerations at the beginning. Most noble and gracious ladies, did you ever hear me cry out upon tyrant woman?

"In the midst of your eloquent war cry, "Down with this tyrant woman! Man forever!" have you ever considered that it is man who has sold-bloodiedly driven women from their homes? Did a woman invent the loom that weaves the stockings, did a woman ever dream of a shuttle that could fly faster than her patient fingers, or a sewing machine more faithful than her bright honest needle? She was so content to bake the bread you ate, she gladly laid the long seams in your coat, embroidered your waistcoat, starched your linen, brewed your wine, laid up your store of winter sweets, indeed, held not her hand from any womanly labour, and was happy and content until you men cruelly shattered her modest worthy life to fragments."

We are so much accustomed to buying everything that we entirely forget—we Cannot realise—the household of the past, when everything was made at home, even in the towns—the weaving of the linen, the making and the mending of the clothes, the bread, the butter, the cheese, the jam, the wine, the beer, and all this was done by the women. We have relieved them from those labours. What have we given them instead? To the better class, lifelong idleness, if they please; to the poorer class, the necessity of finding work elsewhere. Let us do all we can to relieve the former from their idleness, and to get proper work and pay for the latter without, if it can be helped, driving the men away and robbing the women of their husbands; for, as my Lady Balaam truly says, "marriage is, indeed, the highest and the best destiny for women." And so, for a time, I hope, an end.

Turning over the "Recollections of Louisa Twining," I find a brief account of Street Cries as that lady remembers them about sixty years ago. They were then already in decay. They lasted in their original vigour and at full strength not quite to the end of the eighteenth century. They began about the year 1688 and came to an end about the year 1845, when railways were beginning to produce their effect of change. All through that long century all the little things which now we buy at the shops were sold in the street by men and women who hawked and bawled them. Miss Louisa Twining enumerates the old "buy-a-troom" women with their pretty song—I remember them prefectly well—the doormat men, the men with the paper bandboxes, the Italians with their images, chairs to mend, scissors to grind sweet blooming lavender and the postman's bell. There were a great many more. I have drawings of them all in a book of London cries. And I remember all those enumerated by Miss Louisa Twinning with the exception of the doormat men.

Here are two or three little notes from the same book. The lovely wistaria creeper was first exhibited at the Horticultural Society's show in the year 1835. It was then called Glycina Sinensis, and was a Chinese plant. Envelopes were introduced about the same time. One lady made her living by making envelopes for the Queen, and economical persons used to turn them inside out and use them twice. But the old-fashioned folded letter lasted a long time. I have one beside me dated 1845, which is innocent of an envelope. Miss Twining speaks of the old-fashioned "glass" coaches, and asks—Why glass? Because their predecessors were provided with perforated metal sides, and had no glass at all.

I have before me two announcements of coming entertainments in a Local Hall. The one is of a Lecture by a man of great eminence both in Art and Literature. The other is of a Pianoforte Recital by a player of great eminence. I only notice them on account of a suggestive difference in the prices charged for admission. The tickets for seats at the lecture by the former are 5s., 2s. 6d. and 1s. respectively. At the pianoforte recital they are 15s., 10. 6d., and 5s. respectively, or three times, four times, and five times the charge for the former. The difference indicates in a rough kind of way the popular estimate of art and literature compared with that of pianoforte playing. One does not grumble at this; one notes it; the musician is welcome to his price; but, if you think of it, the other man may be a great deal better worth the money, if only for what he may give his audience in return—things to take away and remember; things to influence the conduct of a life.

On Thursday evening there was held a service in Westminster Abbey to which I was bidden. It was all in Latin—prayers, psalms, lessons, and hymns. In fact, it was the memorial service of Westminster School, the service in memory of those who founded and those who have endowed the school. In Roman Catholic times it would have been a mass for their souls. Sitting in the Abbey, dimly lighted, while the voice of the reader rolled out the sonorous phrases, one considered what a splendid thing it is for a boy to belong to such a school, so connected with the past. The Abbey, with its buried kings is his chapel; the dormitory of the monks is his great hall; his fellow schoolboys have been the statesmen, the warriors, the poets of the past. To have once belonged to such a school ought to lend a man, of itself, pride and dignity. And yet they take these schools away from the place to which they belong. They have torn its school from the other cathedral; they have torn its school from the Charter House—they pretented the site was unhealthy, which was shown to be be absurd by the fact that the Merchant Taylors immediately stepped into the vacated place; and now they are going to take away Christ's Hospital, on the same ridiculous grounds, and to rob the City of its dear old Blues.

Another act of vandalism. They are going to destroy St. Ethelburga's church. Do you, dear reader, know what this means? I will tell you. First the saint was a Saxon princess, wife to Edwin, King of Northumberland, daughter to Ethelbert, King of Kent, and of Bertha, who brought over Augustine. Ethelburga was the first Christian princess in this country. There can be no doubt that the church was built and dedicated to her shortly after her death. Her name preserves the memory of the Saxon conversion. This church is thus quite one of the halls very probably in the seventh century. It has therefore been a holy place for upwards of a thousand years. In the square little churchyard at the back are buried all the London citizens who belonged to this parish for a thousand years. In the church itself the babies have been baptised, the children have been taught, the young men and maidens have been married, the services have been held the dead have halted here on their way through to the grave beyond—all for a thousand years! Shall not such a monument to the memory of the nameless workers of the world stand for ever? No—such sentimental folly has no weight with the Bishop and the Ecclesiastical Commission—and the church is to be destroyed.

Here, however, is another reason, not so foolish and so sentimental. Of the Norman period there remain in the City of London portions of four churches only—the crypt of Bow Church, the east end of Great St. Bartholomew's, the chancel of St. Saviour's, and the arches of St. Ethelburga. That is all. And we are going wilfully, stupidly, and needlessly to destroy one of them! Cannot the Society of Antiquaries—cannot the Institute of Architects—cannot some one step in to prevent this outrage? Said an American once to me, "You have all the things we long for—the ancient things—the old churches, the old institutions, the old houses—and you are continually pulling them down. You don't deserve to have them." We do not, indeed. Now it is among the clergy—actually among the clergy—that we find the most ruthless destroyers! I give above a picture of the church as it was in 1829, figured for Godwin and Britton's "Churches of London."

And yet another church doomed even while I write these foregoing lines! It is St. Michael Bassishaw. Sir John Gresham was buried here, and here were buried the members of the great City family of Basing, after whom it is named—St. Michael of Basing's haugh. Go on, my Lord Bishop! There are still some churches left. Borrow Mr Gladstone's axe! "*Malleus Hæretscorum*—Hammer of Heretics," they called one bishop formerly. "*Malleus Ecclesiarum*" will be the honoured title of this bishop. "Hammer of City Churches." A proud and becoming title, truly!

Is the old-fashioned game of *bouts rimes* quite gone out? It was invented in Paris in the seventeenth century. In case the game would be unknown to any reader, let me explain its sweet simplicity. Some one suggests a set of rhymes, to which everybody fits verses. Thus the rhymes "brook—why—crook—I," being once proposed, Sir Horace Walpole is reported to have written the following dainty verse. He called it "The Gentle Shepherd":

I sits with my toes in a brook;
And if anyone asks me for why,
I hits him a crack with my crook;
And "'Tis sentiment kills me," says I.

One is not obliged, however, to be funny. The poet may assume whatever mood he pleases. Shall we amuse ourselves play this game a little? Here are rhymes—"falling—strong—calling—long"—for one set; and for another—"work—swim—Turk—him." Anybody who likes to play may send his lines to me in a week at longest. And everybody shall have a prize.

A correspondent wants to know where he can find John Wesley's Letter on Tea-drinking. I have it in a little pamphlet, bound—one of many pamphlets on manners and customs—but I cannot for the moment lay my hand upon it. I will make another search, and when I can find it I will communicate with "Bavaria," whose address I have.

JUBILEE CELEBRATION OF A MASONIC LODGE.

Last night the Freemason's Hall, at Clare Road, Byculla, had put on quite a *gala* appearance in connection with the annual installation meeting of Lodge Rising Star of Western India, and the celebration of its jubilee. The Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India, Mr. J. W. Smith, was present with his Grand Lodge officers, and among others was Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, M.P., who has been for many years an honorary member of the Lodge, of which he was the secretary when the Freemasons' Hall was located in the Grant Buildings at Colaba. It was half a century ago that the Lodge was founded by the late Dr. Burnes and Mr. Manockjee Cursetjee; and in order to commemorate their names, the Lodge yesterday resolved to set aside a sum of Rs. 2,500 for charitable purposes. The hall and its surroundings had been artistically decorated and illuminated for the occasion; and the expected presence of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji ensured a large attendance. At the commencement of the proceedings, Mr. Framjee Dinshaw Petit was installed as the Worshipful Master of the Lodge for the ensuing year by the retiring Master, Mr. Rustum K. R. Cama, who went through the ceremony in an able and impressive manner. It was announced amidst cheers that the Hon. Mr. Perozshah M. Mehta, Mr. C. W. A. Harvey, Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., Mr. R. M Sayani, and Dr. Atmaram Pandurang had been elected honorary members of the Lodge. An adjournment was afterwards made to the banquet tables, where, among other loyal and constitutional toasts, the toast of Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji's health was very enthusiastically received. The Lodge had invited a large number of Masons and their families, who assembled about 9-30 p.m., in connection with the jubilee celebration, which formed a somewhat novel and interesting feature of the proceedings of the evening. The assembly dispersed at a late hour.

BOMBAY SAILING ASSOCIATION.

The following handicap race will take place this afternoon. Race to start at 4 p.m.

Boats name.	Rig.	Entered by.
Janetta	Logger	Lt. F. M. Close.
Red Rose	Lateen	Capt. M. A. Humphreys.
Senta	Cutter	Surgeon Major Boyd.
Blue Bell	Cutter	Mr. P. G. Massent.

Course to be sailed No. 2 in the list. From Pilot Schooner leaving it to starboard to Middle Ground buoy leaving it to port, round Tucker beacon leaving it starboard, round buoy close to Karanja beacon leaving it to starboard, and finishing with starboard side next to Pilot Schooner.

Starting Rules.—B flag will be hoisted 15 minutes before the time of starting of the first race. P flag will be hoisted and a gun fired 5 minutes before the start, and exactly 5 minutes afterwards will be hauled down and the gun fired. If the gun should miss fire dipping the flag will be the starting signal. Any yacht crossing a line between the Pilot Schooner and the Club Flag Staff before the gun fires will have to return and re-cross the line.

VALEDICTORY MEETINGS AT ALIBAG.

Prior to the departure of the Rev. G. B. Navalka from his sphere of work as a missionary of the Scotch Free Church in Alibag, two farewell meetings were held. The first, attended chiefly by students and teachers, took place in the hall of the John Elphinstone High Schools. In the course of an affecting address Mr. Navalkar reviewed his labours in the town and district for the past thirteen years, and expressed his gratitude for the progress with which that period had been marked, and also for the sympathy and goodwill he had invariably experienced both from students and teachers, and the encouragement and support he had received from the townspeople generally. The address was listened to with evident emotion, and the leave-taking which followed was of a very cordial and affectionate character. The members of the native church of Alibag and Revdanda also assembled to bid their beloved pastor good bye, the meeting taking place at Mr. Navalkar's residence. After some refreshments had been handed round, and prayer had been offered, the reverend gentleman gave a touching address, in which he spoke of the deep affection he should ever retain towards his hearers, notwithstanding the thousands of miles by which they would be separated. Prior to their departure Mr. and Mrs. Navalkar were the recipients of a neatly printed address from the church members in which laudatory reference was made to his ministry amongst them. Amongst other valuable services of Mr. Navalkar referred to by the signatories was his literary labour, the Christian Hostel founded and established by him and the industrial school in connection therewith. The rev. gentleman was also presented with an address signed by the students and teachers of the John Elphinstone School, and by many residents of Alibag, in which special reference was made to his efforts in the cause of education.

Apropos of the recent grant of 1,000 marks by the Prussian Academy for preliminary work towards a *Thesaurus Linguæ Latinæ*, Professor Herman Grimm discusses in the *Deutsche Litteraturzeitung* the need for a like comprehensive dictionary of the German language from its very beginnings. To the plea that this work may well wait until Grimm's Dictionary is completed he replies (not committing himself to a judgment) on the later work in that dictionary, though it may perhaps be read between the lines),

…sh ?—The party that was in the stables made …as soon as the men made a rush to come out of …e, the Hindus fled?—Not at that time.
…d are very positive in your recollection of what took place, apparently ?—I am.
You gave evidence before the Magistrate ?—Yes. I said before the Magistrate that as soon as the Hindus saw our men making a rush, the Hindus fled. I meant to say this for the second time.
Before the Magistrate you did not say a word about letting the men out of the stables ?—I was not asked.
You did not say a word about letting out the men ?—I was not asked.
But did you say it ?—I did not. (Then answer my questions directly. You said you could identify the prisoner in any crowd ?—If he is dressed in the same dress.
Can you identify the man or not ?—Yes, he is the fellow there.
Did you say before the Magistrate that you could not identify him ?—Yes, at first.
That was on the 20th October ?—Yes.
And what has occurred since to enable you to identify him ?—I have seen him three or four times.
Where ?—Here in this Court.
Did you know the accused's name when you were examined before the Magistrate ?—I did not know his name.
Did you mention his name in the Police Court ?—I did not bother about the name.
Mr Jardine : You did not bother ! (A laugh.) Did you see the prisoner before the Magistrate ?—Yes.
And you said you could not identify him ?—Then. I have seen him since.
Can you identify him ?—He looks like the man in the dock there.
Can you swear that he is the man ?—If he is dressed in the same garb as on the day of the riot.
Then it is the dress only by which you can identify a man ?—Yes, and I identify him by his face.
Could you identify any other person you saw during the riots ?—I did not see you.
Me ?—Yes.
Mr. Jardine : Now, don't be impertinent.
His Lordship : Answer the question.
Mr. Jardine : How long have you been in your present employment ?—About two or three months.
Mr. Jardine put in the witness's deposition.
Re-examined by Mr. Lang : At the Police Court, the accused was not in the dock. He stood alongside the lawyers.
His Lordship : Sat or stood ?—Stood alongside the lawyers.
Wasirali Gowarasli, examined by Mr. Lang, said he was the custodian of the tomb of Gayabansha Ali in the 8th Camateepoora Street. Offerings are made on the tomb.
His Lordship : Camateepoora is a recent street. How long ago did Gayabansha die ?—I don't know. My forefathers knew it.
To Mr. Lang : The tomb is considered sacred by the Musulmans. They make offerings of the *sabja* plant and say *fattia* prayers. On Friday night, the 11th August, I slept in the house of a Hindustani there. I was afraid to sleep as usual in the *durgah*. The house is in the same street as the *durgah*. On Saturday morning a crowd came from Cursetjee Sooklajee Street, and on opening the window of the room in which I was, I saw a leader of the crowd, and heard cries of "strike" and "break."
Can you identify that leader ?—Yes. He is the …
Did he …e anything in his hand ?—Yes, a pick. The … commenced to smash everything in the *durgah*. … broke everything
His Lordship : But what became of the body of Gayabansha ?—It was demolished. They tore and broke up everything.
To Mr. Lang : The accused was there the whole time. There were about 200 Hindus there. They were armed with sticks, picks, &c., and were there for about half an hour. They then went away.
Cross-examined by Mr. Jardine : Some had nothing in their hands ?—How can I say. I have said what I saw.
You cannot say when Gayabansha Ali died ?—No.
Who came to make the offerings ?—Hindus, Musulmans, Marathas, all persons whose vows are fulfilled.
You ran away on Friday evening from the *durgah* ?—Yes, after lamplight, because stones came upon the *durgah* from all directions.
What is the name of the Hindustani in whose house I stopped ?—He was called Miajee. I don't know his name. On Saturday morning, my brother was looking at the rioters from another window.
Can you identify any others rioters except the prisoner ?—If he comes before me.
You have not identified any other person ?—If he comes before me, I will.
His Lordship : Answer the question ?—I have not identified any other person.
To Mr. Jardine : Did you mention the matter to any one until you gave your evidence in the Police Court ?—No.
Re-examined by Mr. Lang : I knew the accused about a year before the riot.
Have you been asked to identify any body else except … went to the police after the … made a statement there.
… Ismail Imambux, examined by Mr. … said he lived in 8th Camateepoora Street in front of the *durgah*, which he could see from his window. A crowd came from "Safaid Gully."
… Philip to the jury : Gentlemen, that is in the Camateepoora Sooklajee Street.
… said a crowd of 200 persons, … by the prisoner, came to the *durgah*, and demolished it. Witness knew the prisoner before, and lived before near the gymnasium he keeps in 11th Street. Prisoner had a pick in one hand. He first struck a blow at the *durgah*, and then ordered the other people to break it. Some people had bamboo sticks in their hands, and some had stones. The *durgah* was razed to the ground ; and the mob then left.
Cross-examined by Mr. Jardine : Did you ever speak to the accused ?—No.
Were you not afraid of being seen opening your window ?—I was, but I opened the window a little.
You saw a crowd of 200 or 300 Hindus. Was the accused in their middle or in front ?—In the front.
Did you not say before the Magistrate that accused was in the middle of the crowd ?—I said he was in front.
Did you not say he was surrounded by the crowd ?—Yes, people were round about him, and accused was in front of them. (A laugh.)
Who was with you in your room ?—My little daughter. I had shut the door.
You know the accused has no connection with the gymnasium ?
Witness did not understand the question, and Mr. Jardine did not press it.
Re-examined by Mr. Lang : No sooner they arrived at the *durgah* than the accused gave the first blow ; and the others broke it down.
Riasat Ali Sheer Ali, a *rekla* driver, said he kept his *reklas* in 5th Camateepoora Street, and had three of his *reklas* there on the morning of the 12th August. Other persons' *reklas* were also there. There were witness's bullocks and goats in the stables. The Camatee rioters came and broke the *reklas*. There was a large crowd under the leadership of Ballaram, the accused. Witness knew him for five or six years, when he lived in 13th Street, in which the prisoner also lived. Prisoner had a stick in his hand, and ordered the others to break the carriages. He took up an iron weight of … or two maunds, and hurled it at a carriage, and all the four carriages were broken, one of which belonged to another person, and three to witness. There were only four carriages there. Ballaram told the others to take the goats, slaughter them, and eat them. Two goats were taken, one of which was saved by a Hindu.
Cross-examined by Mr. Jardine : I was in my temporary house at the time. I had three *reklas*, two of which were in my name, and the third in the name of Ghosal Champsey, a creditor. There were about 250 rioters, a good many of whom I knew before. I knew ten or twelve.
Can you name some of them ?—There were Sayana Rajanna, Poochia, and some such names. They lived in Camateepoora.
Did you point them out to the police ?—No, but I mentioned the matter to a policeman and a police jamadar.
Was your statement taken down in writing ?—I cannot say.
What did the accused do with his stick when he picked up the iron weight ?—He threw down the stick.
In the house near which your *reklas* were the occupants are Mahomedans ?—Yes.
About how many ?—About 200 or 300.
Re-examined by Mr. Lang : They were Municipal servants, and were in the Municipal stables at the time.
In order to enable the prisoner to go and perform the funeral obsequies of his father, the Court adjourned at this stage till 10 o'clock this (Saturday) morning.

A MORE pathetic story than that of the Coventry watch-case polisher, Benjamin Klimcke, has now often been told even in a Coroner's Court. Time are bad for the watch trade in Coventry, and Klimcke—a man of forty-seven years of age—had, according to the evidence of his unhappy daughter been out of employment for six months. Of late he had only had bread to eat, and his daughter had observed that his manner had become strange. On Saturday last it was found that he had taken his own life by hanging, in what frame of mind is shown by the following letter, which lay on a table in his sitting-room :—"Being almost wild through no work, and seeing no signs of getting any at present, I prefer death to the workhouse. I have written to my sister in London. If the letter reaches her I should think she would come to Coventry and see to my daughter, if she can in any way do so. Mr. Payne, baker, Gosford-street, will please accept grateful thanks for kindness in letting me have bread. I hope God will prosper him, and he knows if I could have done so I would have paid him. The last of one of the unemployed of Coventry.—B. Klimcke." Then follows a postscript to his daughter : "Dear Edith,—You have now no one to see to you. You will have the insurance money, over 9*l*. Bury me very cheap, and do the best you can with what is left. If the letter I have sent your aunt reaches her, I daresay she will take you to London. Be a good girl and do the best you can. Make as much as you can, for everything is now gone If you can get the watch out of pawn, wear it for the sake of your loving father, B. Klimcke." It adds a touch to the pathos of the story to learn on the authority of Alderman Worwood that Klimcke, who was a member of a local "Early Morning Class," would have been relieved had he made his case known. Some feeling of false pride had restrained him from telling his sorrows to the outside world.

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THE HIMALAYA BANK TRIAL.

THE SENTENCE OF THE COURT.

On Tuesday the four officials of the Himalaya Bank Charles Wilson and William Munton, directors, and Frederick Moss, manager, and Charles D. Greenway, accountant and for a time officiating manager, were brought up to receive sentence. The Chief Justice had intimated the previous day after the jury gave their verdict that he would hear counsel on the subject of the punishment to be imposed for the offences of which they had been convicted. The court-room was crowded, but of course, there was no demonstration of feeling, although it was plain that those who were most actively concerned required to exercise considerable self-control.

Mr. Strachey, Public Prosecutor, Mr. Dillon and Mr. Vansittart appeared for the Crown ; Mr. J. E. Howard and Mr. Ross Alston for Mr. Wilson, Mr. Reid for Mr. Munton, and Mr. Wallach for Mr. Greenway Mr. Moss was unrepresented.

The Chief Justice passed sentence as follows :—Greenway, you have been convicted of conspiracy and criminal breach of trust in respect of the June balance-sheet—I call it shortly that—and you have been also convicted of conspiracy to cheat in respect of that June balance-sheet. I refer to the balance-sheet as a comprehensive term. I do take into consideration the fact that until Moss left for Australia you were in a subordinate position in the bank, and when he left for Australia you were left in a position of great difficulty and responsibility. I have also taken into consideration that, so far as appears by the evidence, you were the cause of the directors' attention first being drawn to the loan accounts of the bank, and I cannot help bearing in mind in your case that you, having been promoted temporarily from a subordinate position to that of acting manager, there was no doubt a difficulty in your way in acting straightforwardly and honestly. With your knowledge of what the affairs of the bank were, of course it was your duty morally and legally to refrain from any part in putting forward the balance-sheet. I take the fact into consideration that you had been in a subordinate position and were suddenly placed in charge when the time was coming when it was necessary to prepare the balance-sheet, and that you were placed in a position of very great difficulty as an istant manager. I also bear in mind that the jury acquitted, and rightly acquitted, you of the charges of conspiracy in respect of the balance-sheet, of 31st December. The sentence I pass upon you is that you be rigorously imprisoned for a period of six calendar months in respect of the charge under section 409 and 109, and that you be also imprisoned for six months under sections 418 and 409. The sentences will be consecutive, and not concurrent.

Now, Wilson, I have very carefully and very anxiously considered your case, not only since the jury has given an adverse verdict against you, but during the course of the trial of the case. I have endeavoured, as far as I can from the evidence put before me, to ascertain what was the mind of each of prisoners during 1890-1891 when these events took place. I do not see myself that there is any evidence before me that you knew what the condition of the bank was before April 1890. You may; there is no evidence that you did. It appears to me that you were not so well acquainted as Munton was with the requirements of the Companies Act. It also appears to me that in February 1891 you were the only person in the bank, or connected with it, so far as the evidence shows, who was at all disposed to sacrifice his own personal interests. These are the facts that in apportioning sentence I have taken into account. I cannot overlook the fact that you were placed in a position of great responsibility, and that you were looked to by the shareholders to manage this bank and to protect their interests and the interests of depositors who were invited to deposit money and trust it to the management of the bank, the directors and their servants under them. I cannot over-look this fact, and the fact that the jury have rightly convicted you on the charges of which they have found you guilty. I do bear in my mind the points I have mentioned in your favour, and particularly that in February 1891 you were apparently the only person concerned who had an honest disposition at the time to hold back the other directors and yourself, and to attempt in some way to protect the shareholders and depositors of the bank. I think you took a very proper line ; if you had only progressed in it in the matter of handing over the securities of the bank and the suggestion about the dividend. I think it is evidence on which I can, in looking at your case, come to a more favourable view than I do of Munton and Moss. The offence is a very serious one. Your name on that directorate must have influenced the public. I may tell you that on the evidence on which you are convicted you might have been sentenced to a term of ten years' imprisonment, or a longer period of transportation. I sentence you in respect of the charges under sections 409 and 409 coupled with 109, in respect of the 30th June balance-sheet, to a period of twelve months' rigorous imprisonment. I sentence you in respect of the charges under sections 418 and 409 relating to the 30th June balance-sheet to one days' rigorous imprisonment. I sentence you in respect of the charges relating to sections 409 and 409 coupled with 109 referring to the balance-sheet of 31st December to a further period of one day's rigorous imprisonment, and I sentence you in respect of your conviction under sections 418 and 418 coupled with 109 relating to the transactions of 30th June 1890 to a further period of twelve months' rigorous imprisonment. The sentences will be consecutive, and not concurrent. You will have to suffer in all two years and two days' imprisonment.

Now Munton, I cannot take so favourable a view of your case as I have taken of Wilson's because it is obvious that you knew as far back as April that the auditor was not doing his duty. It appears from the evidence that you knew in declaring dividends out of capital and not out of profits that the directors were committing breach of trust. It is also obvious that you knew as far back as April 1890 that the form of balance-sheet provided by the Companies Act, by which bad and doubtful debts should be separately shown, should be followed. Now I see in your case no indication of what I have thought I have seen in Wilson's case, an honesty of mind influencing you to some extent to protect the interests of the shareholders and depositors of the bank. I find no trace of your trying to keep your co-directors or Moss from carrying on a system of deception and fraud. Therefore the sentence I shall pass on you must be one more severe than I have passed upon Wilson. I sentence you to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment in respect of the charges under the convictions on sections 409 and 409 coupled with 109 relating to the balance-sheet of 30th June 1890. I sentence you to one day's rigorous imprisonment in respect of the conviction under sections 418 and 409 relating to the same balance-sheet. I sentence you to one day's rigorous imprisonment under sections 409 and 409 coupled with 109 in respect of the dividend of 31st December 1890. I sentence you to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment under sections 418 and 418 coupled with 109 in respect of the balance-sheet of 31st December. You will have to undergo imprisonment for three years and two days.

Moss, I do not intend to inflict a severer punishment on you than I have inflicted on Munton. If I were to look outside the record in this case, and the facts going to the criminal charges, I should award a very severe punishment on you, for the men who have been convicted and sentenced this morning would not have been in that position if it were not for you. You were placed in a position of great responsibility, you were placed by the directors with almost unlimited powers in the bank, and I look upon the failure of the bank as the result of you conduct. I cannot legally take that matter into account in passing sentence. You have a conscience, and must feel the ruin you have brought on people who trusted in you. That is not a matter I intend to take into consideration. But I am of opinion that in respect of the specific charges under which you have been found guilty the jury could not have come to any other decision than they did. You must have known the position of the bank. It was your duty, even against the directors, to take a firm stand, and to advise the directors that only a proper balance-sheet should be put out. You knew on 29th October that the balance-sheet was an utterly false balance-sheet. You did not hold your hand as Greenway did, but you were a party to the putting forward of the balance-sheet of 31st December 1890, and you must have known that the longer that fraudulent deception was carried on the greater number of people would be drawn into the bank. You were a banker, you had had many years' experience of banking, and knew what your position was. I take into consideration in your case that you have been a considerable time in custody. I take into consideration that you are a man apparently in feeble health, that you are an old man, and that possibly when you come out of jail you will be thrown on the world without means of support. Otherwise I should certainly inflict on you a much more severe sentence than I propose to pass. I sentence you to a period of eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment in respect of your conviction under sections 418 coupled with 109 relating to the balance-sheet of June 1890, I sentence you to one day's rigorous imprisonment in respect of the charges under sections 409 coupled with 109 relating to the balance sheet of June 1890. I sentence you to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment in respect of your conviction under sections 409 and 109 relating to the dividend of December 1890. These sentences will be consecutive and not concurrent.

This closed the Criminal Sessions of 1893.

MR. ALFRED AMOS, writes from Spring Grove Wye : "Another proof that Mr. Chaplin and his friends dread open inquiry into the causes of agricultural depression, is his action with regard to reporting the evidence. He first blocked the appointment of the Special Committee by saying the causes were manifest already, and trying to limit the inquiry, and he is now afraid the public will sympathise with the tenants if the evidence is reported. We tenant-farmers are anxious that the general public shall know the truth, and that it is not our fault agriculture is depressed, and that as soon as the general public know the truth we shall have their sympathy, and they will support us in obtaining such a basis to farm from that without calling in the aid of protection we shall be able successfully to compete with the foreigner in our own markets."

COLONEL J. WHITTING is of opinion that throughout the "skeleton exercises" early this year, in the neighbourhood of Reading, the value of cyclists was fully shown. If officers, however, calculate upon so many cyclists being at a certain point, and the rapidity with which they would move in a case of emergency, he warns them that they will not have the cyclists forthcoming. At present we have only cyclists enough for carrying out the duties of messengers. Colonel Whitting would like to see even if the Volunteers paid for it, a hundred cyclist to every Volunteer battalion. Then he would feel that in a country like Berkshire, of narrow lane, and intersected roads, they would be found of the utmost service.

THE NEW HORSE ARTILLERY GUN.

FOR some time past the authorities at home have been endeavouring to provide the Horse Artillery with a lighter gun than the 12-pounder with which they are now armed. In spite of rumours to the contrary, no great success has hitherto attended these efforts, and the gun, with its carriage and fittings, is still in an experimental stage, so nothing is likely to be seen of it in India for some time to come.

The following account of the progress of the gun, &c., may, however, be interesting :—The ballistics of the gun were intended to be muzzle velocity 1,550 feet square, and the maximum pressure in the powder chamber 16 tons to the square inch ; but in the experiments hitherto, the pressure has been uniformly exceeded, while the muzzle velocity has rarely reached the required figure.

The twist of the rifling has been varied from 1 turn in 28 calibres to 1 in 35 and 1 in 40. The last gave, as was expected, the best shrapnel shell results, but the accuracy was hardly sufficient ; 1 in 35 will probably be adopted.

The charge has been gradually increased from 11¼ ounces of cordite to 12½ ounces, at which weight it now stands.

The vent is an axial one, and the charge is fired with a vent sealing tube. Very great difficulty has been experienced in getting one to stand the violent action of the cordite, upwards of twenty patterns having been tried. It is probable that the cartridge will have to be made up in a metallic case, like rifle ammunition, and the charge fired with a lock and trigger.

The gun is constructed on the "wire" principle : the length is seven feet, and the weight six hundred weight.

The sighting is on the short-radius, similar to the 12-pounder, but a new foresight, with a horizontal pointer may be adopted. The Scott's sight will be modified to read yards instead of degrees and minutes, and the image on the object glass will no longer be reversed.

The weight of the shrapnel will be 12 pounds, and probably no common shell will be carried, but the point is not finally settled. Two case shot will be carried on the axletree of the gun.

The shrapnel will have a base burster, as the one tried with a head burster, similar to the service 12-pounder shrapnel, did not give enough remaining velocity to the bullets, owing to the low muzzle velocity of the gun.

It may not be generally known that the retarding effect on the bullets of the burster in the head amounts to 130 square feet, and the accelerating effect of a base bursting charge is about the same, the difference therefore amounting to about 260 square feet, which is a vitally important point, considering that the whole effect of shrapnel shell depends on the remaining velocity of the bullets, when they are released by the bursting charge.

The gun carriage is similar to the earlier pattern of 12-pounder carriage known as Mark I. It has no buffer and has rigid stays at the sides. It has two light dragshoes to check the recoil on firing, and one large one for travelling purposes, which is secured under the centre of the gun carriage. The shoes are attached to wire ropes instead of chains, the rope being easier to handle and not so liable to kink.

Two portable magazines are carried at the back of the limber, room being left between them for limbering up. The magazines rest on small shelves, which are very useful in preparing the ammunition.

The limber is constructed with one box framed directly on the axletree, and removeable. It contains about 46 rounds of ammunition, and about 138 rounds are carried into action with the gun. The limber is considerably lower than the present one and has pole draught, or more known as the Swiss system. This pattern was selected as the best one by two independent committees, one sitting at Aldershot and the other in India.

LEOPARD HUNTING IN INDIA.

"QUICK, sir, quick, a leopard is trying to take the sheep." I suddenly awoke to find my old bearer, Gunga Singh, by my bedside with my rifle in his hand. The said sheep, one I had bought for food, was tethered overnight within a few paces of my servants' tents. I was out of bed in a second, slipped on a pair of chupplies (sandals), put on my belt and knife over my pyjamas, and walked quietly towards the sheep, which was in a great state of excitement, though nowhere could I see the cause. Gungu, mean while, hastily whispered what had happened. About ten o'clock he and the khitmagar (cook) were lying on their beds half asleep, when suddenly a "gooral" rushed helter-skelter across the grass, right through the camp, and away, evidently in a great fright. This rather astonished them, but half an hour later the sheep began bounding about and straining at its rope, and they saw a leopard come out from the shadow of the trees and crawl flat along the ground towards it. Both men uttered exclamations of surprise, and the leopard seeing them slowly drew back into the darkness behind a tree trunk, but in a few seconds again began to creep up, so Gunga ran off to wake me. Such was the story. I at once saw that I could not fire without risk of hitting one of my coolies, who were lying about in all directions asleep under the trees, so decided to quietly move the sheep feeling sure the leopard would follow. Alongside my tent stood a big mango tree, the ground round it open as a lawn, so here I fastened the sheep to a well-secured iron peg, then clambered into the fork of the tree—an uncomfortable climb in pyjamas. The open ground was in moonlight, though the moon was just about to disappear behind the Sirmoor hills but my perch, overhung by boughs, was in the shade, and I found it scarcely possible to see the muzzle of my rifle, even though I was using a white paper foresight, and on trying aiming at surrounding objects realized it was any odds against decent shooting.

I had not long to wait ; in about five minutes the sheep became wild with fright, and I saw a shadowy form stealing up, but when quite close, something startled it, for it bolted back, but stopped, and sat down about forty yards off ; no use firing, I could so indistinctly see it.

A few minutes, and it again crept up, the sheep at first tugging frantically at its rope, then, when its enemy came close, apparently resigning itself to its fate, for it fell on its knees, with its head stretched out along the ground. Sneaking up, the leo ard, a small one, came right up to the bait, but instead of at once seizing it, stood alongside and sniffed it, the wretched sheep covering motionless on the ground. Now was my chance, the brute not fifteen yards off, and just clear ; so, though feeling a hit would be rather a fluke, slowly up with the rifle, and fired. Bang ! a cloud of dust, and the sheep standing alone ; a clean miss, no mistake about it. Most aggravating, still one cannot expect to shoot straight in the middle of the night. I loathe night-shooting, it is always most unsatisfactory work. All the same, if, instead of a rifle I had had a double gun using a gun with a charge of large slugs I would have nailed that leopard to a certainty, and I am much inclined to think that it is the best thing to shoot with, unless the night is exceptionally light. A man I know has shot several that way with the gun, though on one occasion, on going next morning to find his dead leopard, was very disgusted to see instead a mangy old hyæna which he had overnight made sure was he of the spotted skin.

For several nights after this I had goats tied up in different parts of the surrounding jungle, but nothing touched them, and the only khubber I got was that some miles from where I was camped, about seven o'clock in the evening, a leopard had seized a buffalo calf, but the herd had set upon it and killed it, trampling and goring it to death. My experience is that they rarely meddle with the buffaloes, the old ones are much too huge and formidable to tackle, and the young calves they either do not fancy, or else know what they have to expect from the heard, and so leave them alone. A small cow is much more to their taste and far the best thing to tie up for a kill; but unfortunately caste prejudices prevent the sacred best being put to such a use, and the mild-Hindoo will see you somewhere before he will sell one, or have anything to do with such a crime, so one's only hope is that while the cattle are out in the jungle feeding, one may fall a victim ; besides, I always think what I call a natural "kill" is far more likely to result in one getting a shot than a cow or other animal killed when tied up for that purpose, for the leopard is a most wily brute, and either the rope his prey is tied with, or something, causes his suspicion, and he either never returns at all, or else waits till the dead of night when it is absolutely impossible for him to be seen. I have known this happen over again, and very disheartening it is, after sitting waiting cramped and motionless, for perhaps three hours or more. When talking of sitting over goats, I often think of the story—I do not vouch for its truth—of the two sportsmen who, having discovered the whereabouts of a leopard, decided to sit up together and to stay all night over a goat tied close below them. At sunset they clambered up into their tree and commenced their watch. Gradually it got darker and darker ; still nothing came, and the watchers began to get very weary. Go home ? Not a bit of it, they had made up their minds to stay all night and they were going to stay so. After a time they arranged one should sleep while the other did sentry, but soon the watcher began to nod, and before long both were slumbering.

A machan, even at its best, is not too comfortable or secure, and one of the sleepers, disturbed by his dreams lurched heavily, overbalanced himself, and fell ten feet or more, crash on top of the goat. Result—a frightful commotion, man and goat both struggling on the ground together, both pretty well frightened out of their wits, while the other sportsman, waking suddenly hearing the noise, and seeing something struggling with the goat, thought the leopard had seized it and hastily "loosed off," fortunately a clean miss, or this comedy might have had a most tragical ending.—*The Field*.

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

(Includes the Rajputana, Holkar, Sindhia-Neemuch, Rewari-Ferozepore and Cawnpore-Achnera State Railways.)
Approximate return of traffic for week ended 2nd December, 1893, on 1,676·02 Miles open.

—	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings [estimated.]	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total traffic for the week	1,45,000	3,20,000	4,000	4,69,000
Or per mile of Railway	87	191	2	280
For previous 21 weeks of half-year.	27,10,537	41,19,037	1,05,449	69,35,023
Total for 22 weeks..	28,55,537	44,39,037	1,09,449	74,04,023
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year.....	1,10,331	2,95,138	4,862	4,10,331
Per mile of Ry do.	66	176	3	245
Total to corresponding date do.	24,41,523	48,33,245	3,29,938	76,04,705

Increase for the week..... Rs. 59,669
Decrease to date..... " 2,00,682

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

THE NEWEST JACKETS

Are becoming rather elaborate in their make, and already there is a tendency to change the large frills on the shoulders to a wide flat kind of sailor collar. This is probably suggested by the late visit of the Russian naval officers to Paris, which has been responsible for so many of the present fashions that have in some instances been positively absured, so exaggerated are they made by enthusiastic Parisians. I think, however, that this wide plain cape is certainly a more reasonable form than that of the Toby collar, for which it is a substitute. There is the advantage that it will not be caught and blown up by the wind, whilst it affords the same amount of warmth as the more voluminous cape. Closelying furs are very much in vogue, such as beaver, seal, otter, and the loose kind of astrachan in the sketch, which has large curls in its silky black fur. The shape of this jacket is quite simple ; it may be made closed to the neck, or just opened as this is, above the fur, which acts like a pelerine round the back, and comes down the front as a trimming. Of course this design can be reproduced in any colours —black, blue, brown, or even dark red or green. This was in a light brown cloth, with a cape or darker brown velvet, and black woolly curled fur.

A WINTER WALKING DRESS

Has been asked for by a correspondent who very kindly is so faithful to me that she remembers one I mentioned quite a year ago, writes a lady correspondent. That one was in the form of a jacket and skirt a style which has been run to death. So I give her one that may be used more as a coat, if liked as well as a simple warm gown. It may be made in any thickness of material from a light-faced cloth to the stoutest pilot stuff. I have also added a plain flat cape, trimmed with three rows of furs, as less bulky and troublesome than the triple coachman cape, hitherto made. This can with advantage be altogether a separate affair, to put on for extra cold weather. If preferred to be worn without the cape, then I should be inclined to trim it like the above jacket all down the front with fur. So far very few long mantles are worn in Paris, but jackets and short cloaks are profusely trimmed with fur.

TRIMMINGS.

You will be amused to hear of the strange mixture that is to be one of the most fashionable decorations this winter. Lace and fur will be seen on velvet, cloth, and silk cloaks, laid side by side, the first in the shape of insertion either white, cream, or ecru, and the last in smooth furs such as those I have described. When possible, richly embroidered yokes to mantles will be also worn, and the number of embroidered galons is very great. These begin from the very simplest and ascend to the most marvellously rich trimmings, through every degree of decoration. Those in oriental designs are certainly the most beautiful, and are often studded with cabochon imitation gems. As a garniture for dresses, nothing is prettier than fur or satin ribbon. Ribbons are greatly in favour and they are nearly as richly woven as the various braids and galons they so closely resemble. Some are wonderfully pretty, and have one side fringed, which gives a very good effect when laid on as a trimming to the skirt of a dress. Jet is greatly worn also, and as much as lace, allied with fur, in passementeries, and particularly in festoons of beads on the bodices of dresses from the front of the shoulders to the middle of the neck or chest.

VEILS.

Veils that are fashionable are far from pretty. For some time past—indeed, ever since the spring—white lace veils with a lace pattern border have been most in vogue in Paris, and with light coloured summer things they did not look peculiar or out of place, but the very thick ones we are to wear if we wish to be ultra up to date will be quite ugly. Imagine your friend meeting you in the street with a mask of thick white lace over her face, behind which you can scarcely trace her features. It is difficult very often to account for the whys and wherefores of the new things that Dame Fashion in her autocratic manner bids us wear, but this fancy for white thick veils is quite puzzling, for they are not only very unsightly but far from wholesome for the eyes, and far more difficult to see through than those of black net, however much spotted. Perhaps they are intended to act on the curiosity of people who will be anxious to find out what lies behind the nearly impenetrable film of white. At any rate the plainest women will have a chance now.

A DELIGHTFUL TEA-GOWN.

"Oh ! Oh ! Oh !" I exclaimed, with all the enthusiasm of a crowd at a firework show, as one after the other of Woollands delightful tea-gowns were displayed to me the other day. Not that I wish to imply that these are gaudy as fireworks ; on the countrary, they are signalised by most excellent taste and chef'd'œuvre, by their elegance and grace convincing reasons why the tea-gown should so long retain its popularity in the mines of fickle womanhood. Woollands tea-gowns are indeed veritable "editions de luxe" of their kind ; there are four of them illustrated on this page, both charming. The one is made in cerisetinted accordion-pleated thin soft satin, with a hood, which is arranged either to be worn on the head or as a cape, of a roseate chiffon, pale in colour than the gown itself. This is just the dress for an invalid ; it is easy to slip on, while the upper drapery would preclude the intrusion of the harmful draught, and could not fail to prove becoming. Besides being made in satin, this same style is to be found in crepon, with the hood of chiffon. The other gown illustrated is made of pale green satin, with a short coat of olive-green velvet, outlined with a gold galon and lace, laid over pink, while round the waist is a band of the pink. A brocaded gown in pearl tints shows a design of heath and a soft front of pink chiffon, with the shoulders frilled with wide lace. Another fascinating creation is made of Oriental satin in a shade of reseda green, and is lined throughout with crepe de chine, a truly regal gown, which fastens over on one side and has loose sleeves. The wadded silk dressing gowns here, too, may be recommended for their comfort and they are not the hapeless garments you usually see ; they are perfectly cut, fitting at the back beneath a Watteau pleat, with revers hemmed with fur, and full puffs on the sleeves. There is a dainty collection of tea-jackets here, too, and one in shot moire in mauve and pink has a deep collar of looking-glass velvet of the same hue outlined with lace insertion, showing a full front of chiffon. Another jacket of a pale green moire is cut in the Louis XIV. style, piped with green velvet, fastened with enamelled buttons, and shows a full front of lace. A combination of pale yellow crepe, white Oriental satin, and sable, is exquisite ; and then again, be you a woman of taste, you must stop a moment to admire the union of mauve and blue, with a yoke thickly studded with crystals, and a tiny edge of dark fur outlining the revers.

HATS.

The Parisians may continue to declare their predilection in favour of large hats, but English women are clinging to toques most affectionately. Toques we are wearing of velvet, of felt, of cloth, and we are allowing them to be trimmed for us in all imaginable ways. I find them in the most satisfactory variety at Mme. Esmé's, 117, Victoria-street. Here is a toque of emerald-green velvet, all in soft folds, which could be pulled to any shape on the hair, and just in the centre of the front sets up erect a big black osprey, with the base surrounded by a ring of diamonds. There is a pale blue velvet toque embroidered in jet and edged with sable, with assertive black wings on each side, and bunches of violets nestling in the fur ; there is a white velvet toque, edged with sable and trimmed with black feathers, and there are small bonnets, each and all decorative to a degree. There is that one illustrated here, which is made of cherry-coloured antique satin, with a flexible jet ornament quivering in the front ; below a small black osprey. There is a flat bonnet of black astrakan, with the back trimmed with a large black satin Alsatian bow while just at one side of the front a small bunch of violets rests becomingly on the hair. But, besides toques, there is much to be seen here ; there is a rose-coloured velvet bonnet, spangled with jet and trimmed with sable ; there is a tiny little black bonnet edged with jet, with white wings outspread on each side. Of felt hats there is a most attractive assortment ; one is in brown decked with rosettes of antique satin in pink, green, and black, with quills on either side. There is one in black, with a band of a black moire drawn through a diamond buckle, and bunches of pansies adorning it. A hat of golden brown beaver is lined with black velvet, with a bunch of black velvet geraniums arranged at the back ; a huge black satin bow and a group of ostrich feathers trimming it on the crown. Yet one more must I describe, which shows a curious mixture of black felt, speckled green parrot's and pale blue velvet rosettes. You may, indeed, find the modish millinery under happy aspects here and Mme. Esmé's prices are distinctly inviting.

A TEA-JACKET.

A tea-jacket is made in black moire, with a vest of cream coloured lace and bouillonnes of pink d'esprit net, transparent sleeves of the net and lace being visible beneath the sleeves of moire ; then there is a tea-gown of wash-leather coloured cloth with a corselet outlined with sable, decidedly attractive there is a pelisse deserving of admiration made of blue velvet, with a deep cape edged with sable, and trimmed with multi-coloured beads. Further more there is a small mantle, and charming this is, in a cape form made of reseda green velvet closely covered with point de Venise. It only reaches to the waist, where it is edged with a broad band of Russian sable similar fur also forming the collar, the lining being of brocade while three small bands of pale green velvet, buckled with diamonds, fasten it down the front. No woman could resist calling this "sweet," be she a true woman ; it would grace with special distinction a wedding, and might be cordially, recommended to the mother of the bride, unless, indeed, the bride should chance to see it, when she would be sure to want it herself to complete her going-away costume. It has only to be interviewed to be appreciated, and Mrs. Olive Holms must be cordially congratulated upon it. There is no time of the year when you may not chance to find good clothes at Mrs James's, 20, Sloane-street, and I was particularly fortunate when I paid my visit there, for there were several costumes just finished, and they were costumes evidently worthy of admiration. Avery good gown is made of electric blue cloth, with the bodice cut with deep pointed basques, revers of moire showing a lace cravat, and a sash of the same fastening at the side. This is the sort of gown that would grace any woman, always provided that Mrs James made it, for her fit is really excellent. She makes a specialty of evening dresses for young girls, and that is a pretty example of her skill in this direction which is illustrated here. It is made of white satin merveilleux, with a skirt edged with a ruche and frill, the bodice of gathered chiffon showing revers, a short zouave of the satin edged with sequins and outlined with deep according pleated frills of the chiffon. An admirable costume at 20, Sloane-street, which I saw with pleasure, was made of a black material spotted and figured with white in a tiny design. The skirt opened over a panel of black moire, the bodice showed revers of white moire and an inner vest of white satin, over which the moire waistcoat buttoned with cut steel buttons. A pretty trimming here, which can be made in any colours, and easily adjusted on any bodice, is known by the name of the "Egyptian garniture," and consists of festoons of beads and coloured embroideries. I can picture it looking extremely well on a black satin dress, and it might even induce a gown of yester year to pose as the latest fashion. For evening were Mrs James has some trimmings made of festoons of beads with braces over the shoulders, and both in gold or cut steel these are to be found ; while Mrs James's style is good, her charges may be written down as within the possibilities of the multitude.

THE CONSTANT USE of Fothergill's Madonal keeps at bay the enemies of the Human Body in tropical climates, Rheumatism, Torpid Liver, Itchy Skin, and Stone in the Bladder, Re. 1-8 and Re. 2-8.—MADON, SONS and Co., Fort, Bombay.

SEVERE SENTENCES.

THE seeming rapid growth of lawlessness, more particularly in the cities, is such as to startle every thoughtful mind, and the means which will expeditiously exterminate this monster will be hailed with delight. Persuasion, entreaty, and leniency only seem to serve as incentives to reapeated violations of the law against both person and property. But there are occasional sentences passed upon those who are afterwards proved to be entirely innocent, and those cases are deserving of sympathy.

An instance where the sentence of death was passed upon a hard-working, honest, industrious Ex-Metropolice Constable, who came very near being the victim of circumstances, has recently come under our notice. Mr. Lucas, of 1, Eustace Road, Walham Green, Fulham, England, states : "I was taken with severe pains in the head and across my back, accompanied with sickness, partial loss of sight swelling of feet, ankles, and legs. Doctors I called failed. A consultation of doctors in one of the largest London hospitals gave me up and sent me home to die, gave me but three weeks to live, diagnosing Bright's Disease. I commenced taking Warner's Safe Cure. The sickness lessened; the swelling disappeared ; I